



Mwongozo wa picha kuelezea kilimo msitu

Kitabu mwongozo

HAKIMILIKI 2019 LOTUFO & TREVELIN

HAKI ZOTE ZIMEHIFADHIWA.

KITABU HIKI CHA KIELEKTRONIKI KINAWEZA KUSAMBAZWA
KWA KUSUDIO LA KUELIMISHA KATIKA TOVUTI.

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Jackson Buzingo – Tafsiri kwa Kiswahili



SALAMU!

KATIKA KURASA ZIJAZO TUTAZUNGUNGUMZIA KILIMO MSITU. KUSUDIO LETU LA MWONGOZO HUU WA VIELELEZO NI KUFUNDISHA NA KULETA FURAHA. KWA KAULI MBIU "KWA KILA MCHORO NI MBEGU" TUNAWASILISHA KATIKA NJIA RAHISI NA MAHSUSI ILI KUCHUKUA HATUA KUZALISHA CHAKULA ILHALI WAKATI HUO HUO TUKIYATUNZA MAZINGIRA.

WATU WENGI WAMETUSAIDIA NA KUTUVUTIA KATIKA JUHUDI ZAO KUTENGENEZA MWONGOZO HUU.

KWAKO ULIYESHIRIKI KUANDAA MWONGOZO HUU. TUNAKUSHUKURU NA KUJIVUNIA.

HUSUSANI FABIANA ALIYETUPATIA MSAADA MKUBWA KIUFUNDI. SHUKURANI SANA KWA REJEA MUHIMU MNO.

MWALIMU ERNST GöSTCH: TUNAKUHESHIMU SANA. TUNAKUSHUKURU SANA KWA KUJITO A SANA KATIKA MAISHA YAKO KWENYE KILIMO MSITU NA KUANZISHA NJIA YA UTIMILIFU ANUAI. TUMEJITAHIDI KUFAFANUA KWA NJIA RAHISI KAMA IWEZEKANAVYO KWA MWONGO HUU. BILA SHAKA, MAISHA YAKO NA KAZI YAKO NI KICHOCHO KIKUBWA KWETU.

NA KWA NDUGU ZETU PETER WEBB, AMBAO WAMEWAJALI WATU KUPITIA MISITU IMETUFUNDISHA SOMO KUBWA SANA. TUNAYO FURAHA KUWA MMeweza KUWASILISHA KILIMO MSITU KATIKA HALI YA KISHAIRI NA UREJESHAJI.

TAMATI, TUNATUMAI KUWA MWONGOZO HUU UTAMWAMSHIA ARI MSOMAJI WA KUREJESHA SAYARI AMBAYO KILIMO KILICHOELEZWA KATIKA SURA NA MAUMBILE NDICHO ASILI HUTUMIA.

TUNAKUTAKIA FURAHA YA KIELIMU NA UZOEFU.

João & César

Bora
Permacultur

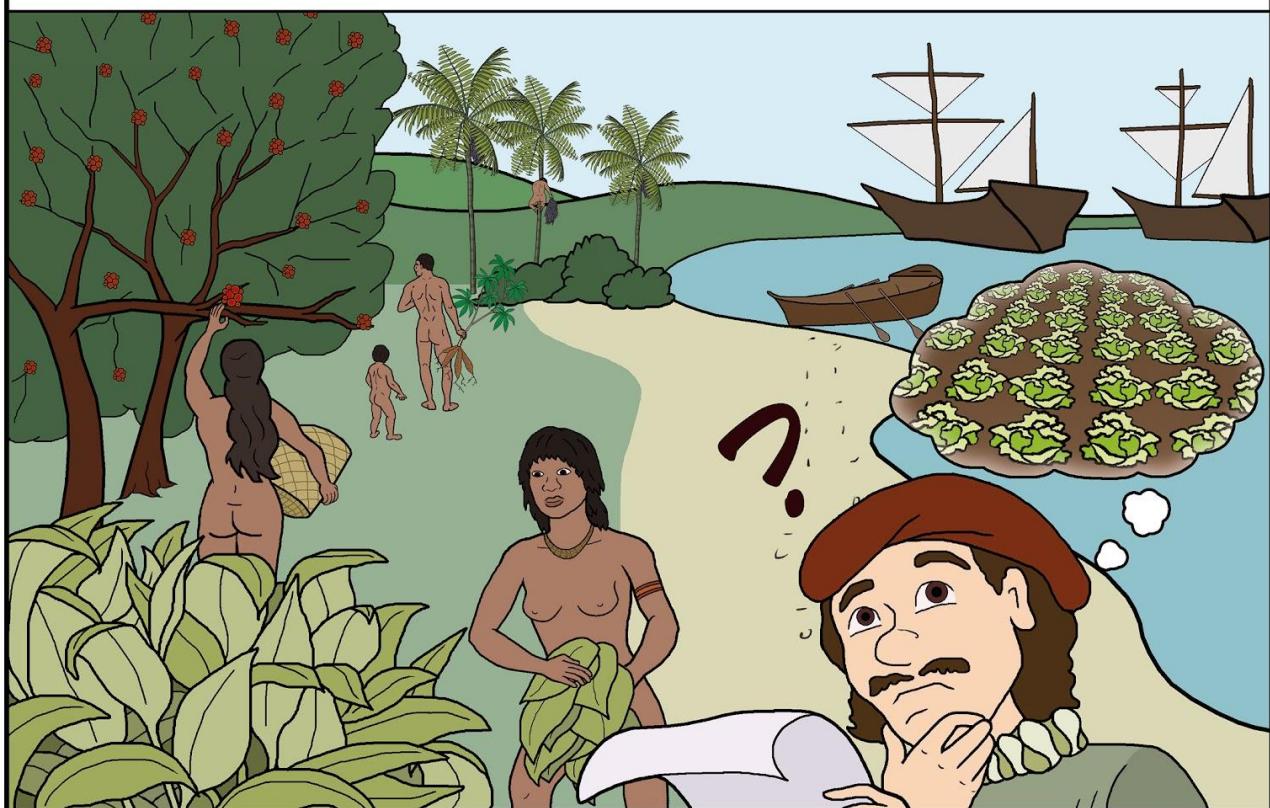


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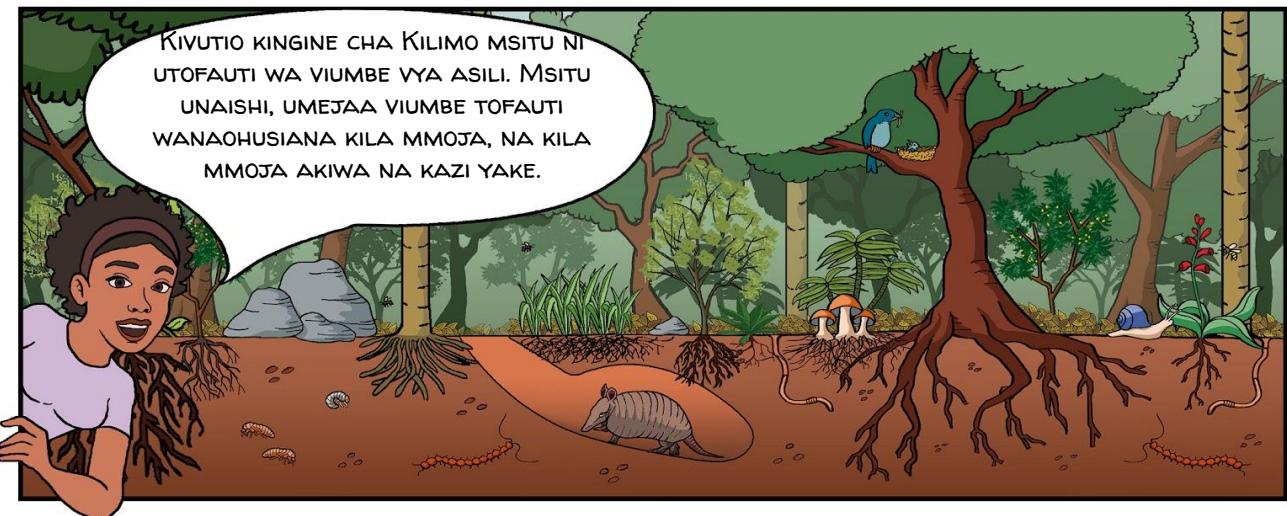
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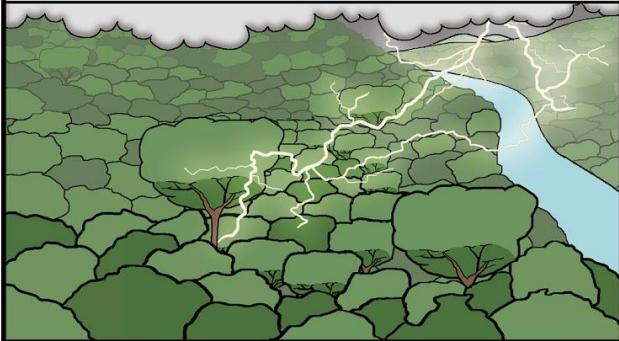
KUZALISHA CHAKULA KATIKA MSITU NI MILA ZA ZAMANI SANA ZILIZOKUWA ZIKITUMIKA AMERIKA YA KUSINI KABLA WAZUNGU TOKA ULAYA KWASILI. MILA HII YA UZALISHAJI CHAKULA ILIFANYA ARDHI KUWA MSITU ENDELEVU WA KILIMO. UWEZEKANO HUU WA KUISHI NA MSITU TOKA KATIKA MSITU NI MOJA YA VIVUTIO VYA KILIMO MSITU.



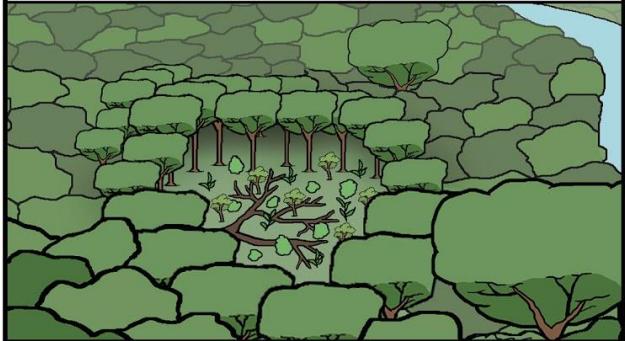
UASILI WA ASILI



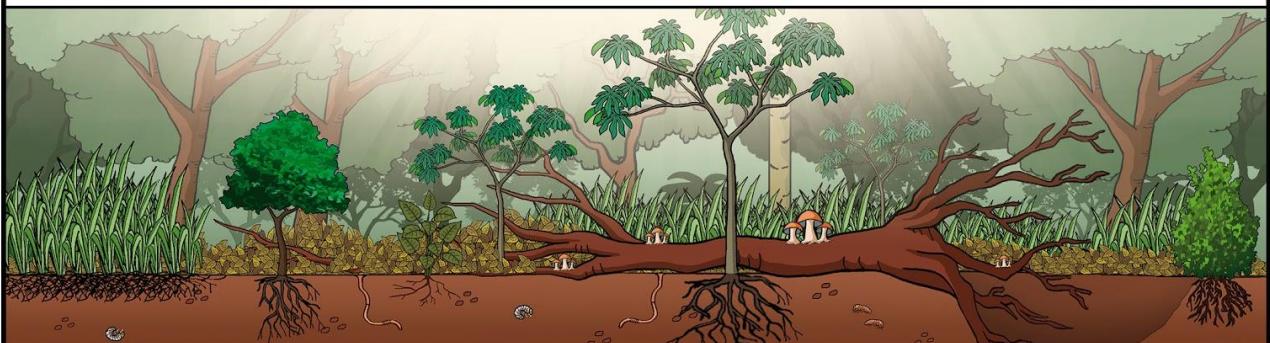
KWA MFANO, IKIWA MSITU UTAHARIBIWA.
.MAZINGIRA HUBADILIKI..



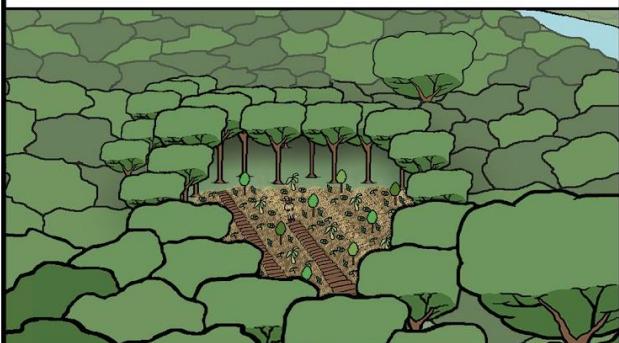
NA MAHUSIANO MAPYA BAINA YA VIUMBE
WANAOISHI HAPO HUANZA KUTOKEA.



BAADHI YA SPISHI HUPOTEA NA NYINGINE HUTOKEA KULINGANA NA TABIA MPYA YA MAZINGIRA.



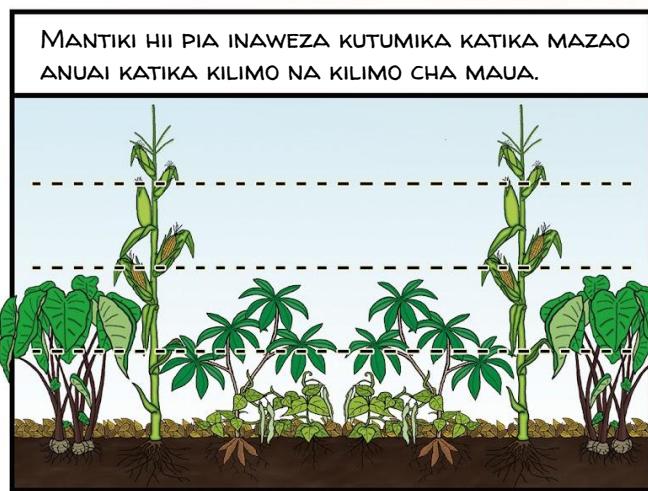
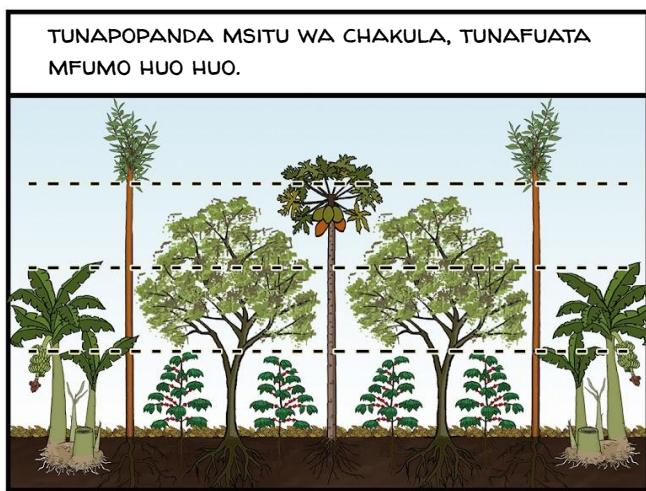
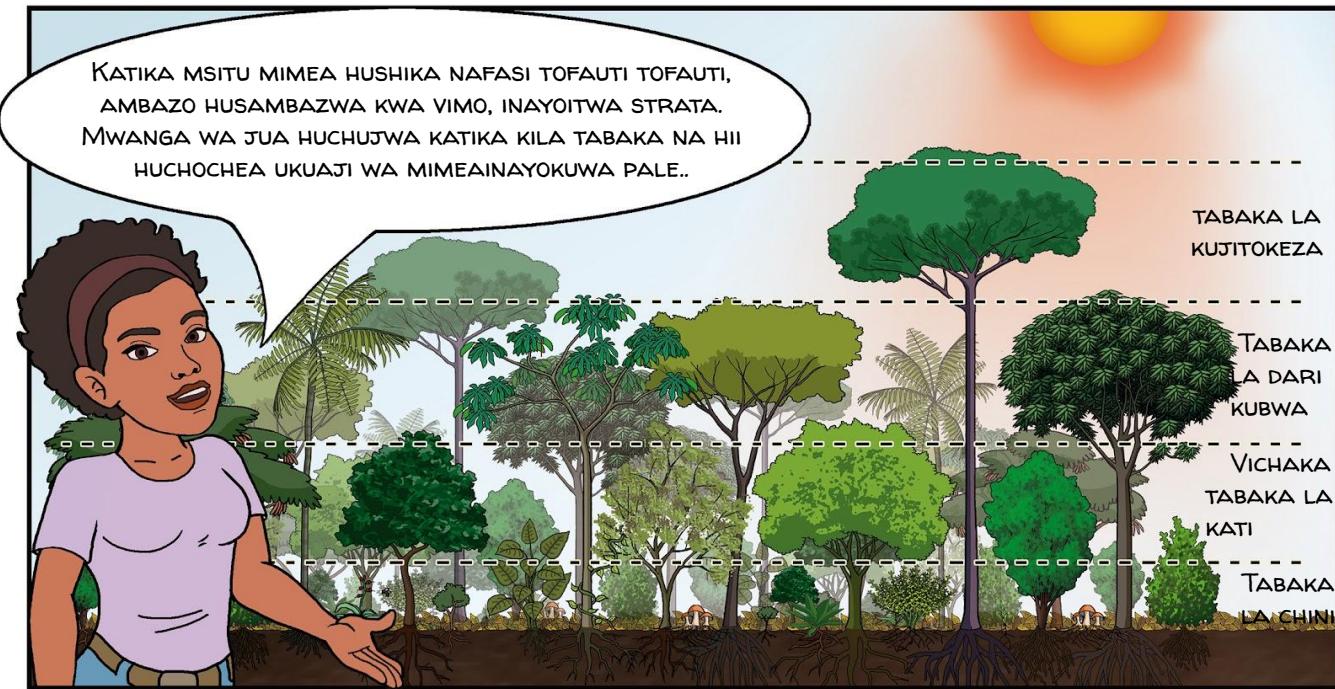
KATIKA KILIMO MSITU TUNAJARIBU KUPUNGUA NA
KUDHIBITI MICHAKATO HII.



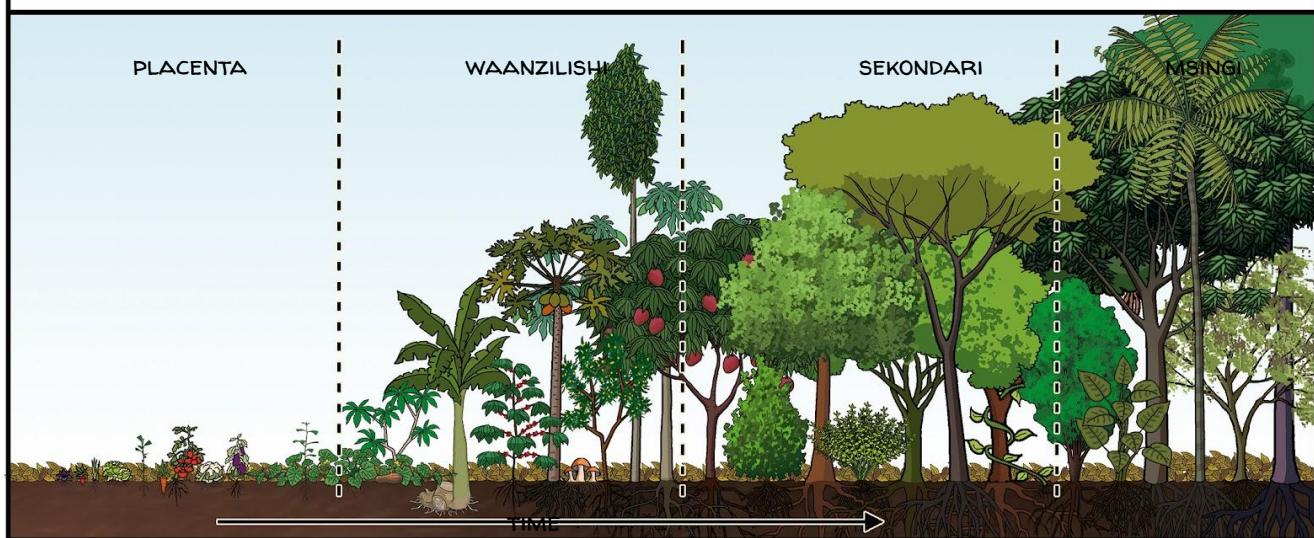
KWA AJILI YA KUZALISHA CHAKULA NA KUBORESHA
MAZINGIRA.



MATABAKA NA MAFANIKIO

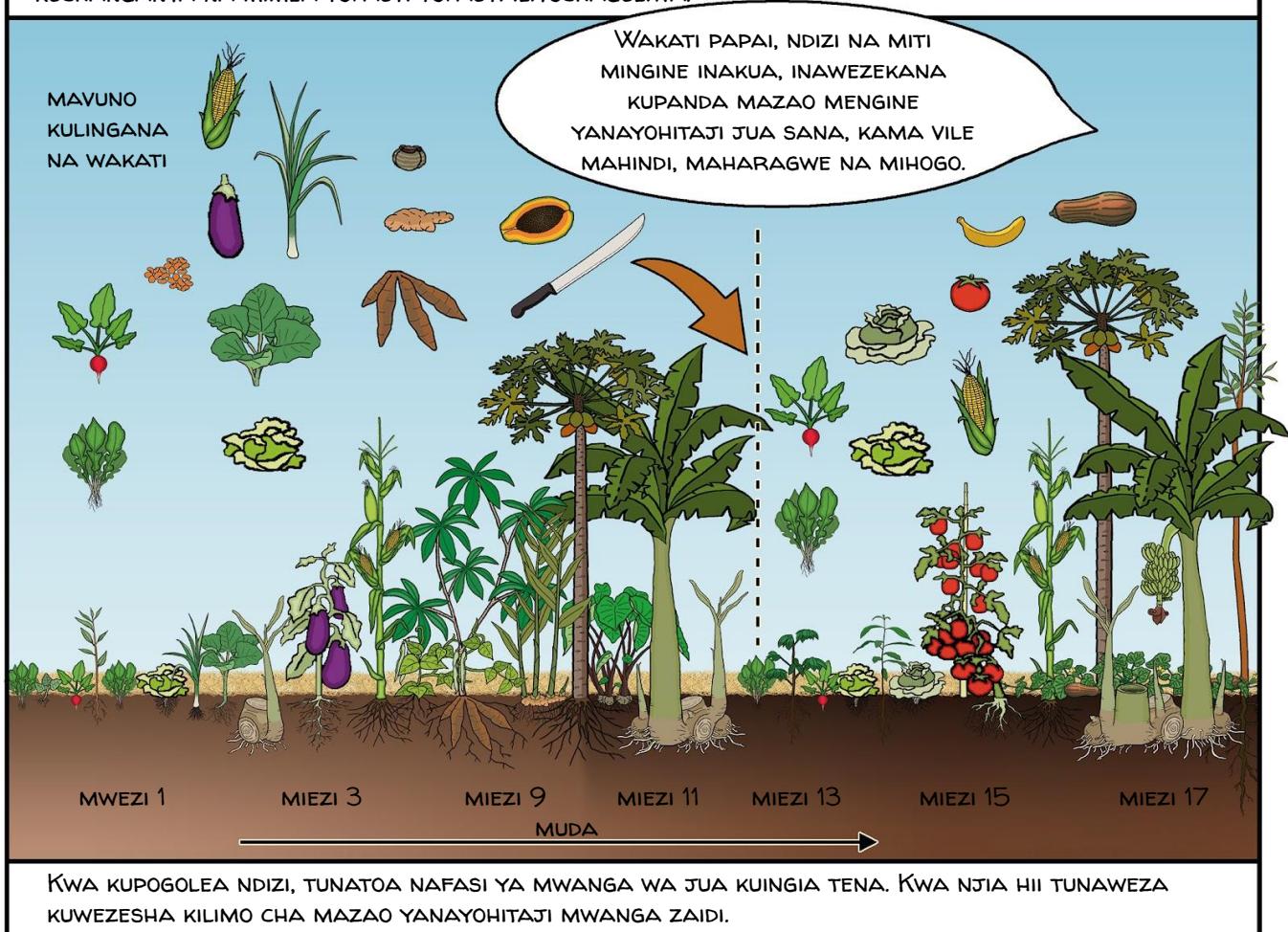


SABABU NYINGINE YA MUHIMU KUHUSU USHIRIKA WA MSITU NI MUDA. KILA MMEA UNA MZUNGUKO WAKE WA MAISHA WENYE UKUAJI TOFAUTI, AMBAO HUCHCHEWA NA TABIA YA ENEO HUSIKA. TUNAIITA HII NI USHIRIKA WA MUDA KATIKA MAFANIKIO YA KIIKOLOJIA..

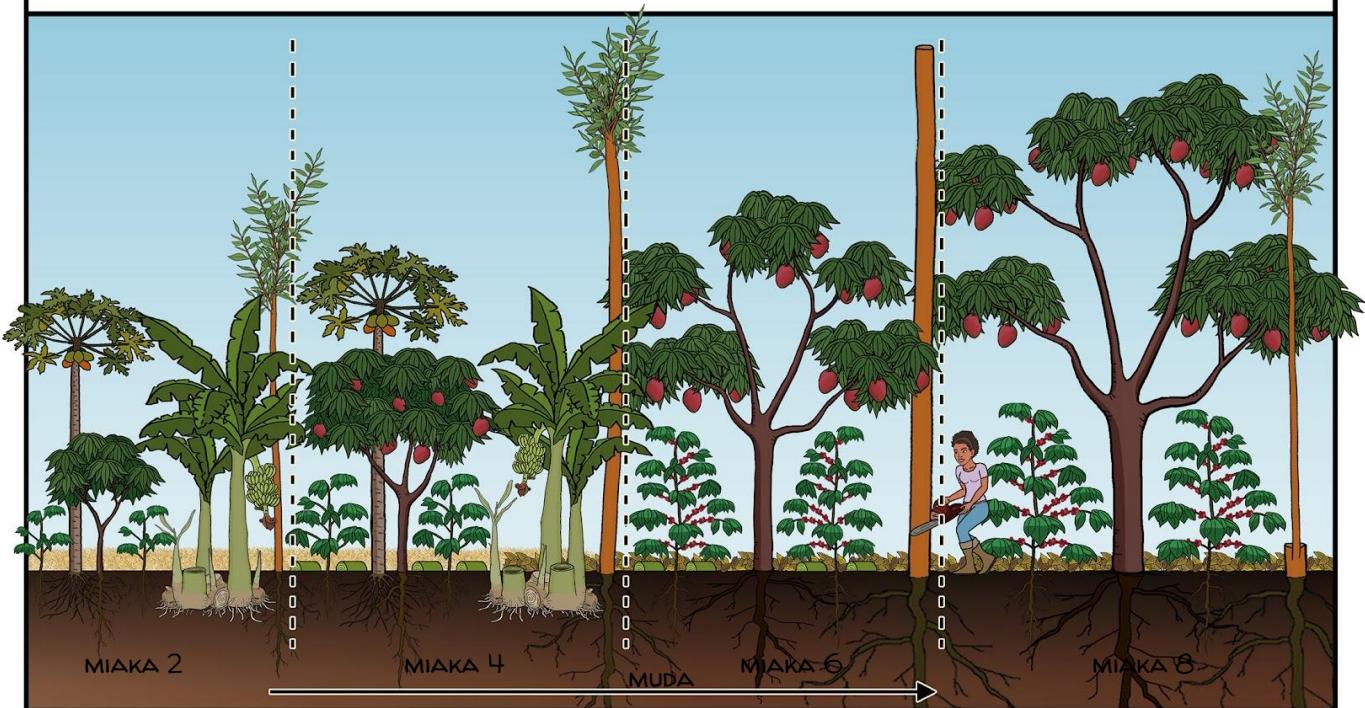


MATABAKA, MAFANIKIO NA USIMAMIZI

KWA HIYO, MPANGO KAZI WA KILIMO MSITU UNAPASWA KUZINGATIA MATABAKA NA MAFANIKIO KWA KUCHANGANYA NA MIMEA TOFAUTI TOFAUTI ILIYOCHAGULIWA.



KULINGANA NA MUDA, MKULIMA ANAWEZA KUSIMAMIA SHAMBA KWA KUCHAGUA MIMEA ANAYOTAKA ISTAWI KWA KUPOGOLEA NA KUWEKA MABAKI KWENYE UDONGO KAMA MATANDIZO NA MBOLEA. KWA NJIA HII MAZINGIRA YATABOREKA NA MIMEA MINGINE ITAAANZA KUSTAWI.



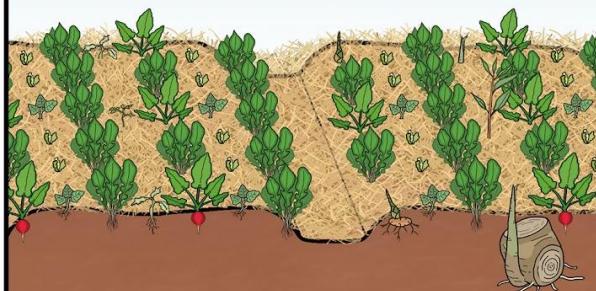
BUSTANI YENYE MAFANIKIO

KWA MFANO, TUNAPOANZISHA BUSTANI YA MBOGA MBOGA, TUNACHANGANYA MIMEA YENYE UTOFAUTI WA MUDA WA UKUAJI(MAISHA YAKE) NA MATABAKA (STRATA) KWA UGANINI WA KUTUMIA ENEO.

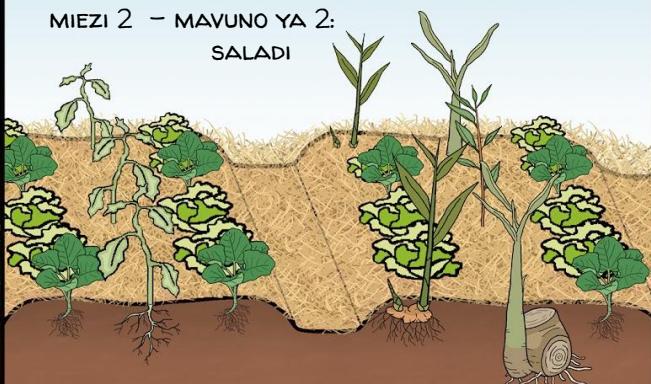
SIKU 30 BAADA YA KUPANDA, MIMEA INAYOKUA KWA KASI HUANZA KUCHUKUA NAFASI KUBWA NA KUKINGA MIMEA INAYOCHIPUA TARATIBU.

BAADA YA MAVUNO YA KWANZA, NAFASI YA AWALI ILIYOKHUKULIWA HUANZA KUTAWALIWA NA MIMEA INAYOSTAWI TARATIBU.

MWEZI 1 – MAVUNO YA 1: ARUGULA, FIGILI



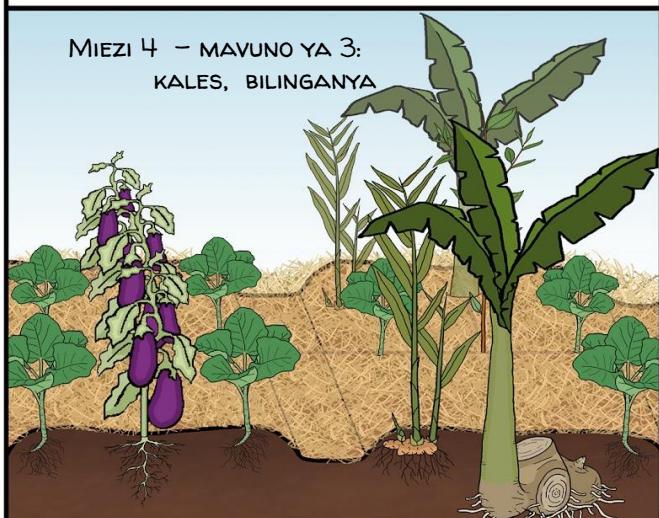
MIEZI 2 – MAVUNO YA 2: SALADI



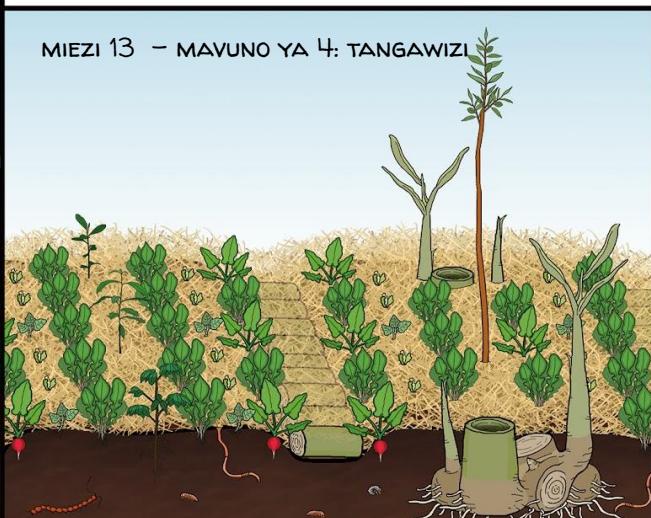
BAADA YA MAVUNO MENGINE, NAFASI IPO WAZI KWA MIMEA MGINE YENYE MAISHA MAREFU, AMBAYO HUENDELEA KUKUA KATIKA KITALU.

TAMATI, PINDI ITAKAPOFIKIA KUTENGENEZA UPYA VITALU, TUNAPOGOLEA MITI NA NDIZI NA KUZIFANYA KUWA MATANDIZO HAI YA UDONGO NA KUANZA KUPANDA TENA.

MIEZI 4 – MAVUNO YA 3: KALES, BILINGANYA



MIEZI 13 – MAVUNO YA 4: TANGAWIZI



KWA NJIA HII TUNALIMA SHAMBA MARA MOJA TU MPAKA TUTAKAPOTIMIZA MAVUNO KWA AWAMU NNE! KIDOKEZO KINGINE NI KWAMBA TUNAWEZA KURUDIA KUPANDA VITALU KWA NYAKATI TOFAUTI. KWA MFANO, KITALU KIMOJA KILA WIKI. HIVI NDIVYO TUNAVYOHAKIKISHA VIPINDI TOFAUTI VYA MAISHA YA MIMEA KUTOKEA KWA WAKATI MMOJA, AMBAPO HUTUPATIA WINGI WA VYAKULA MBALIMBALI.



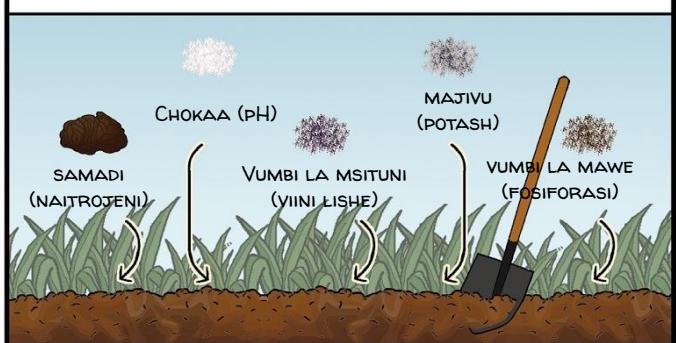
VITALU



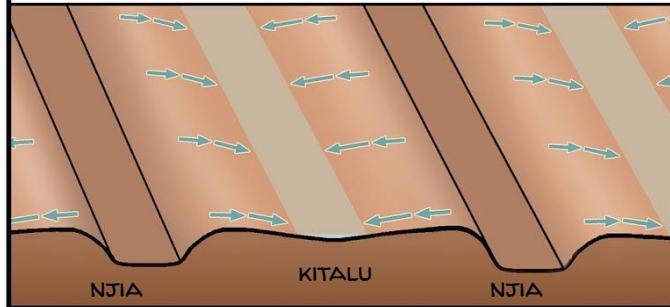
1. TUNALIMA ARDHI NA KUTENGEZEZA VITALU VYA MBOGAMBOGA NA KUWEKA ALAMA ZA NJIA KATIKA VITALU.



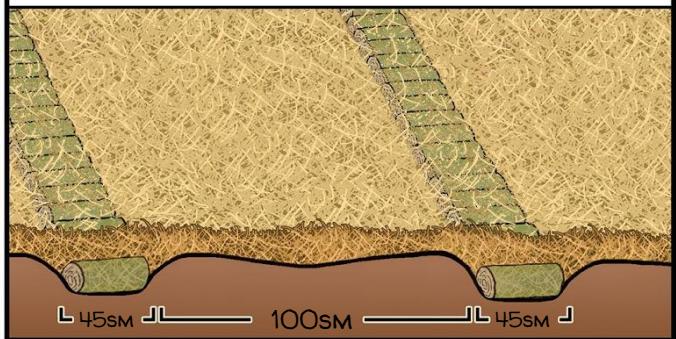
2. TUNAWEKA MADINI NA KURUTUBISHA UDONGO KWA KUONGEZA VITU KWENYE UDONGO.



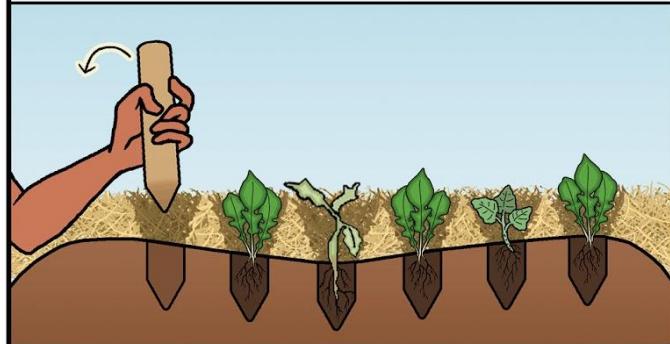
3. TUNATENGEZA KITALU CHENYE MUUNDO WA KIOTA CHA NDEGE (PANDE ZA KINGO HUWA JUU KULIKO KATIKATI) ILI TUSIPOTEZE MAJI NA LISHE MIMEA KWENYE NJIA.



4. TUNAFUNIKA KILA KITU NA MAADA HAI NA KUWA MAKINI NA KINGO ZA VITALU.



5. TUNATOA MATANDAZO MAHALI PA KUPANDA KILA MBEGU KWA MSAADA WA KIJITI CHA KUPANDIA KULINGANA NA KONSOTIAM ILIYOCHAGULIWA.



KWA AJILI YA KUREJESHA UHAI WA VITALU TUNALAZIMIKA KURUTUBISHA UDONGO KWA KUCHANGANYA NASIO KUULIMA KWA KUUFUNUA. MFANO, IKIWA UTATUMIA REKI UNAWEZA KUCHOMA KWENYE UDONGO BILA KUUTIFUA, UTASIDIA UDONGO KUPATA HEWA BILA KUUTIFUA.



UREJESHAJI WA MAENEO YALIYOHARIBIWA

KILIMO MSITU KINAWEZA KUTUMIKA KAMA NJIA YA KUREJELEZA MAENEO YALIYOHARIBIWA. HII PIA NI MOJA YA JAMBO KWENYE SHAMBA LETU LA JUMUYA. AMBAPO TULITUMIA "VICHAKA" KUANZISHA SHAMBA.

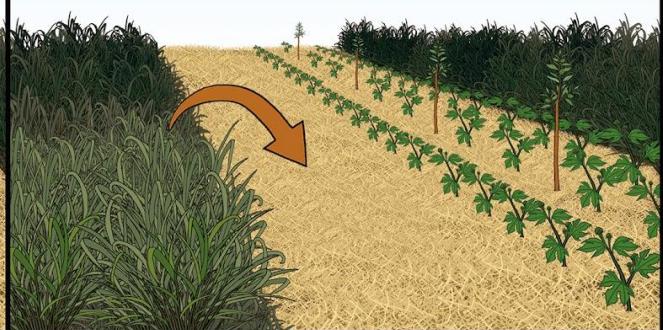
KATIKA MWAKA WA KWANZA, TULITUMIA MAJANI YETU WENYEWE ILI KUPATA MAADA HAI KATIKA SHAMBA TARAJIWA TUTAKAPOWEKA VITALU.

MWAKA 1



ULIMBIKIZAJI WA MAADA HAI KATIKA KITALU HUANZA KUENDENA NA SIFA ZA UDONGO NA KURUHUSU MATUMIZI YA MBOLEA MIMEA KAMA VILE KUNDE NA ALIZETI.

MWAKA 1,5



UTOSHELEVU WA MAADA HAI ANUAI ZILIZOTOLEWA KATIKA KITALU CHA KWANZA ZITABORESHA MAZINGIRA. KWA KADRI UDONGO UNAVYOZIDI KUTENGENEZA RUTUBA ZAIDI NA ZAIDI, MPANGILIO, UWEZO WA KUTUNZA MAJI NA VIINI LISHE KUBOREKA HURUHUSU UKUAJI WA MIMEA TOFAUTI TOFAUTI.

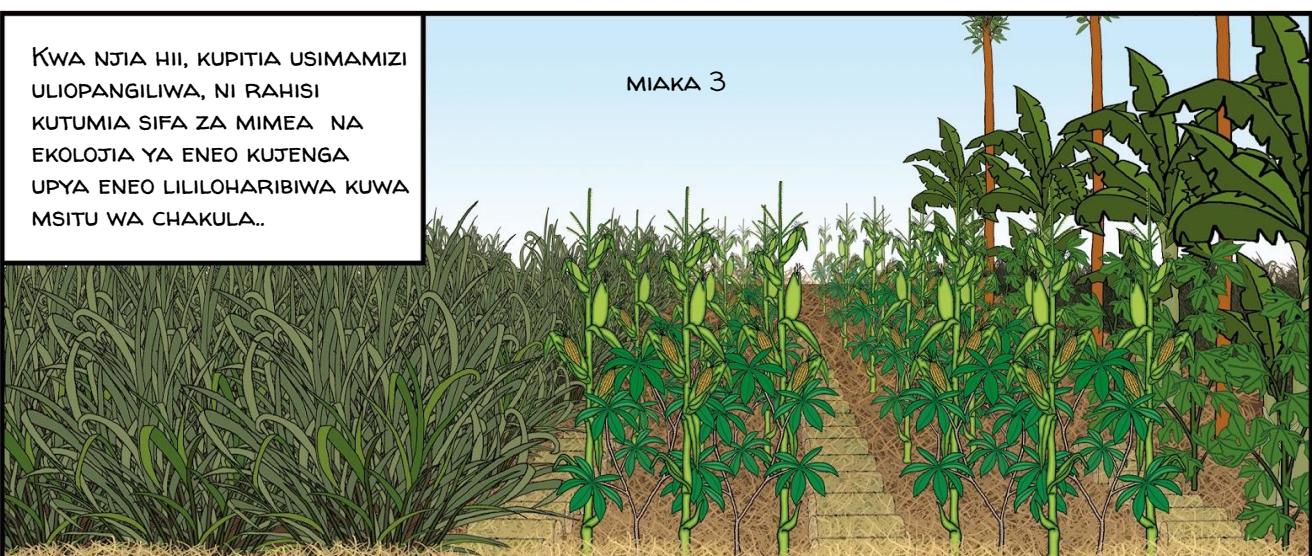
MIAKA 2



ANGALIA MFANO HUU WA KILIMO MSITU

KWA NJIA HII, KUPITIA USIMAMIZI ULIOPANGILIWA, NI RAHSI KUTUMIA SIFA ZA MIMEA NA EKOLOGIA YA ENEO KUJENGWA UPYA ENEO LILILOHARIBIWA KUWA MSITU WA CHAKULA..

MIAKA 3



MPANGILIO WA UPANDAJI

HUU NI MPANGILIO WA MAFANIKIO WA BUSTANI YA MBOGA MBOGA.



SIKU 25 – MIMEA INAYOTUMIA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU HIZO – KWA MAVUNO MFANO..
MNAFU/ ARUGULA AU RADISHI



SIKU 45–60 – MIMEA INAYOTUMIA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU HIZO MPAKA MAVUNO. MFANO :
SALADI.

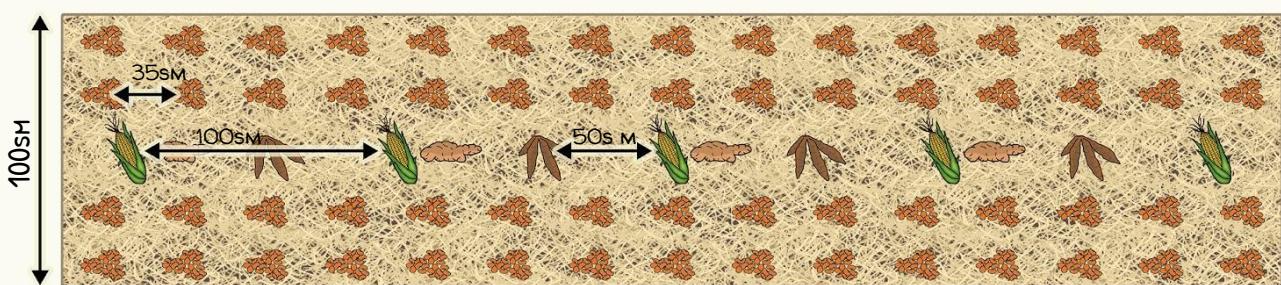


SIKU 90 – MIMEA INAYOTUMIA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU HIZO MPAKA MAVUNO MFANO:
KABEJI



SIKU 120 – MIMEA INAYOTUMIA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU HIZO. MFANO. NYANYA NA
BILINGANYA.

KWA MIMEA YENYE MZUNGUKO WA MWAKA HUWA KWA NJIA HII:



MIEZI 3–4 MIMEA YENYE MZUNGUKO HUU MPAKA MAVUNO. MFANO. MAHINDI AU BAMIA



MIEZI 3 MIMEA YENYE MZUNGUKO HUU MPAKA MAVUNO. MFANO: MAHARAGWE

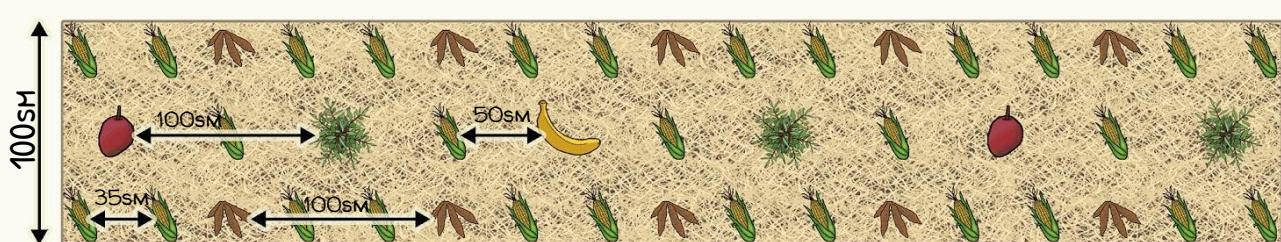


MIEZI 9 MIMEA YENYE MZUNGUKO HUU MPAKA MAVUNO. MFANO: MIHOGO



MIEZI 12 MIMEA YENYE MZUNGUKO HUU MPAKA MAVUNO. MFANO: TANGAWIZI

MISTARI YA MIMEA MBOLEA, MIGOMBA NA MITI YA MATUNDA HUWA HIVI:



MKARATUSI



MIGOMBA



MTI WA
MATUNDA



MIHOGO

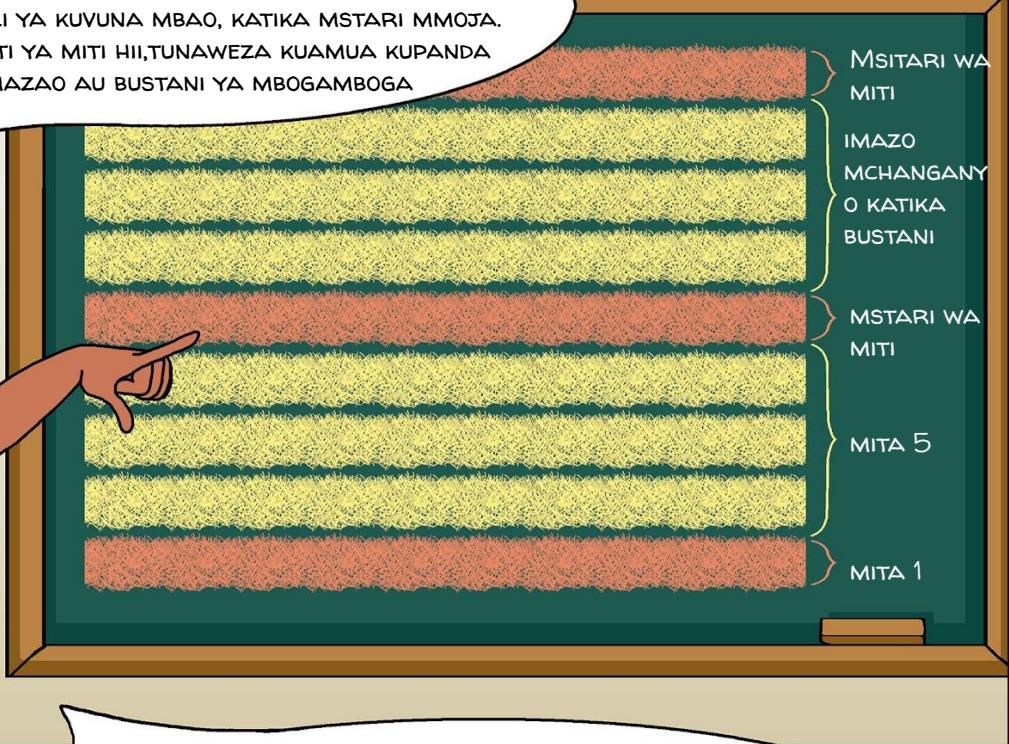


MAHINDI

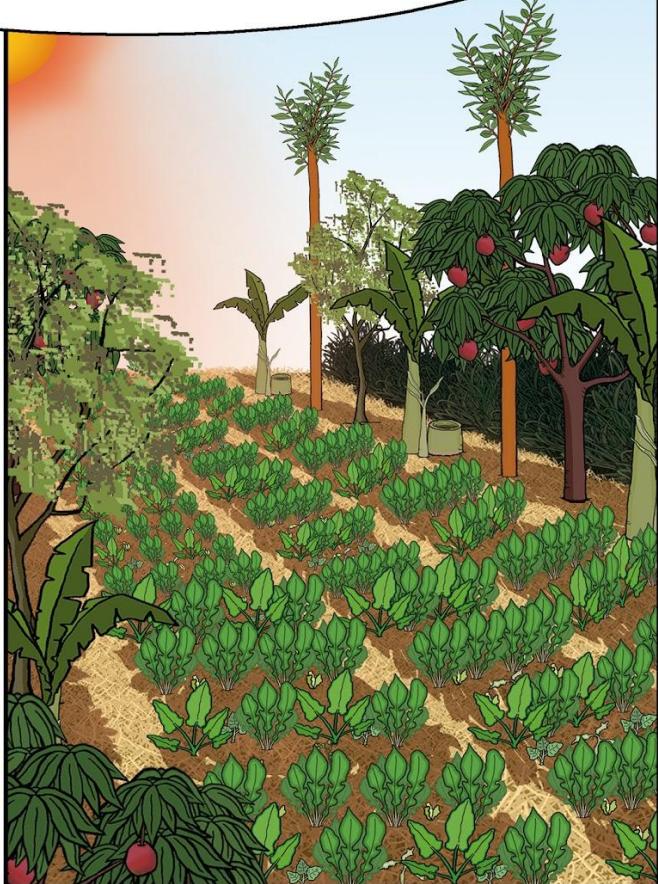
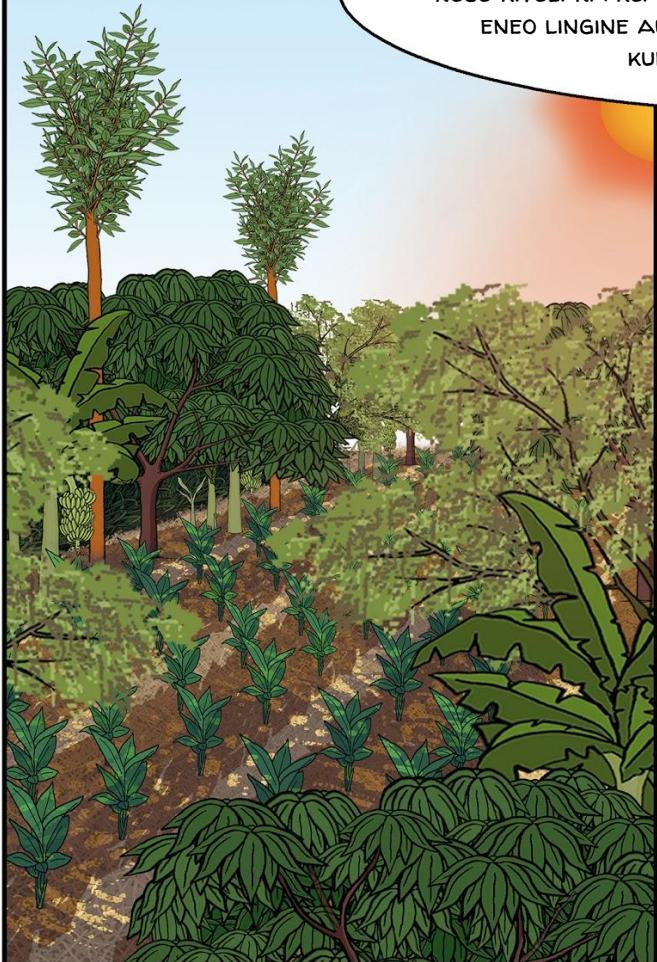
MISTARI NA UCHANGANYAJI MAZAO

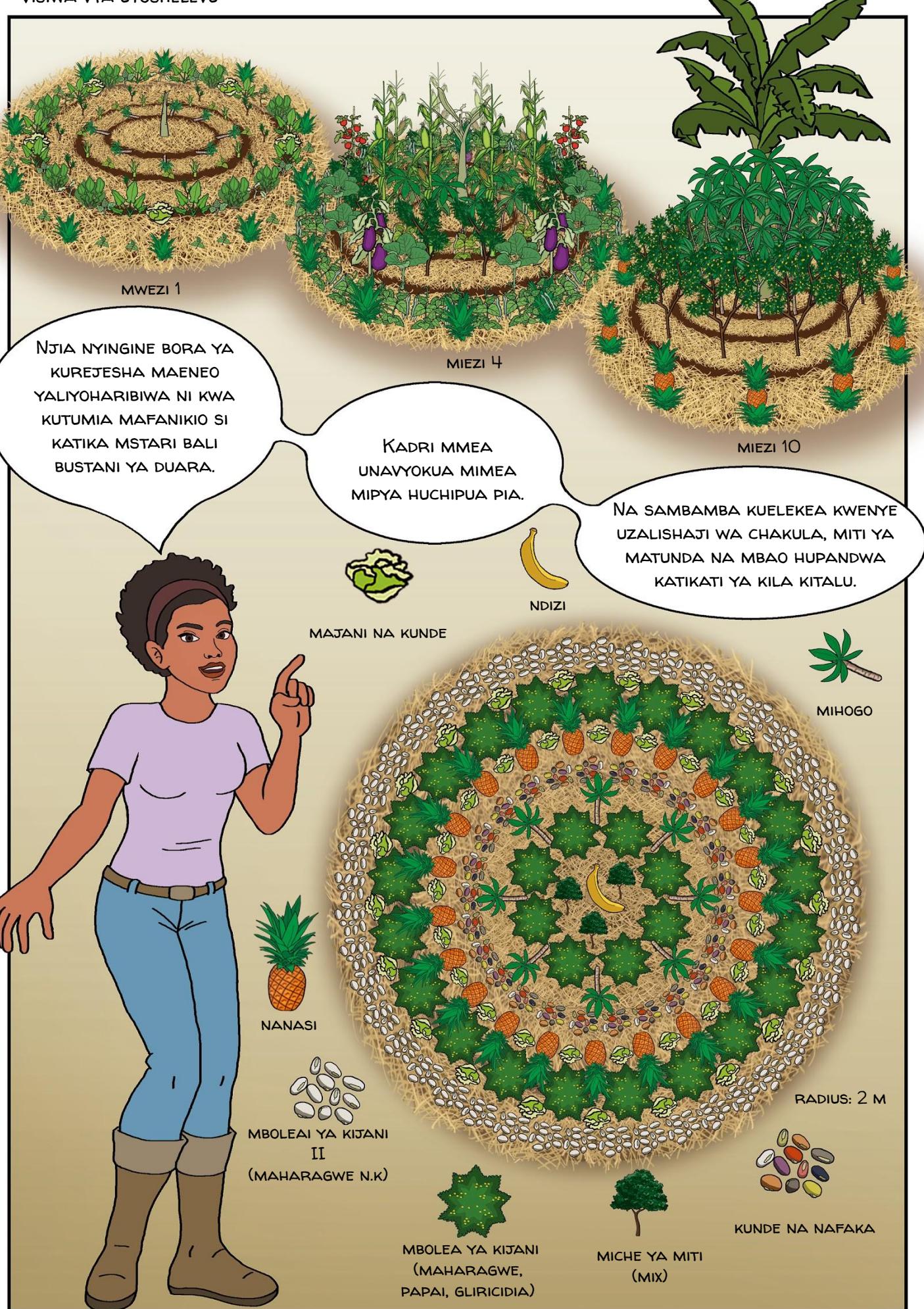
KWA UJUMLA

TUNAPANDA MITI YOTE, MITI KWA AJILI YA
MATANDAZO NA MBOLEA, MITI YA MATUNDA NA MITI
KWA AJILI YA KUVUNA MBAO, KATIKA MSTARI MMOJA.
KATI KATI YA MITI HII, TUNAWEZA KUAMUA KUPANDA
MAZAO AU BUSTANI YA MBOGAMBOGA



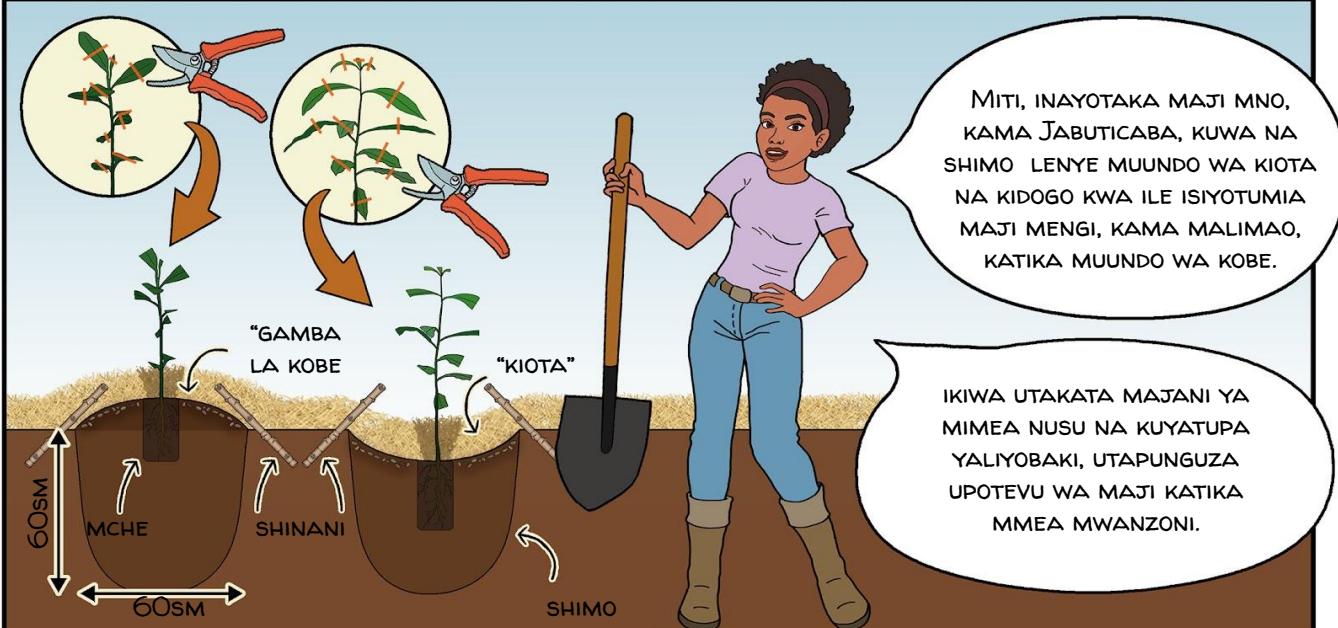
WAKATI MITI INAKUA, MAZAO MCHANGANYO KATIKA VITALU
YATAFUNIWA NA KIVULI. PIA UNAWEZA KUJUMUISHA MAZAO
NUSU KIVULI NA KUANZA SHAMBA JIPYA LA KILIMO MSITU KATIKA
ENEKO LINGINE AU POGOLEA MITI NA ANZA MCHAKATO WA
KUPANDA ENEO LILE LILE TENA.



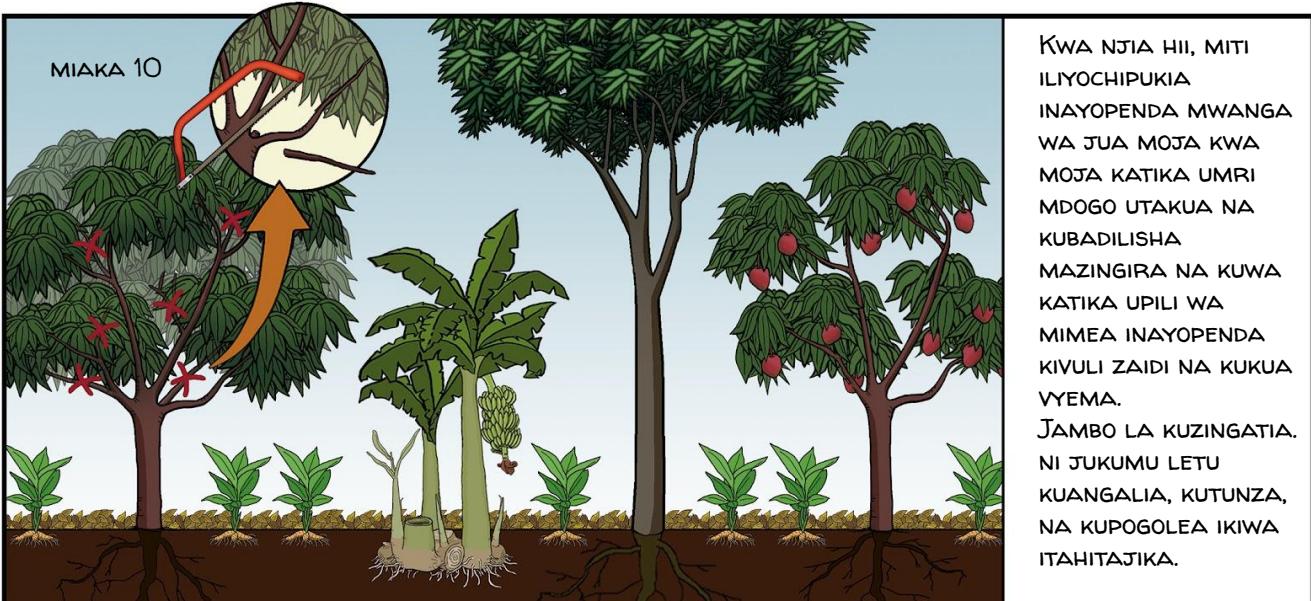
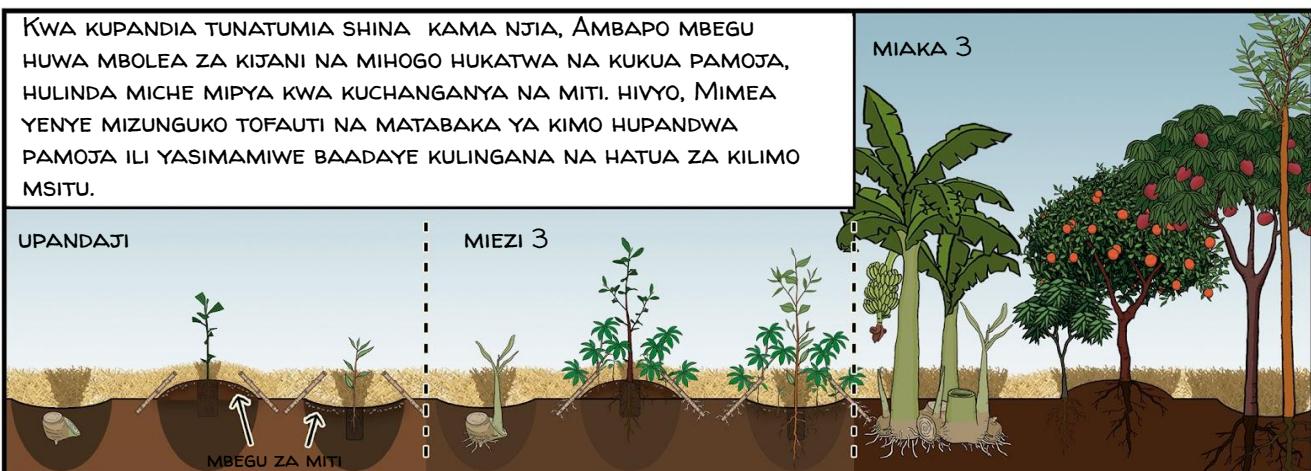


VIDOEZO VYA USIMAMIZI: VITALU, "MUVUCA" NA SHINANI

IKIWA TUTAWEKEZA MUDA NA NGUVU MWANZONI KWA KUPANDA VIZURI(MASHIMO YA UPANDAJI), MIMEA MIDOGO ITATUMIA UWEZO WAKE KUKUA HARAKA. NI MUHIMU MNO SHIMO LA KUPANDIA LIWE KUBWAKULIKO MZIZI NA UNAWEZA KUPATA MAJI, MADINI NA MBOJI.

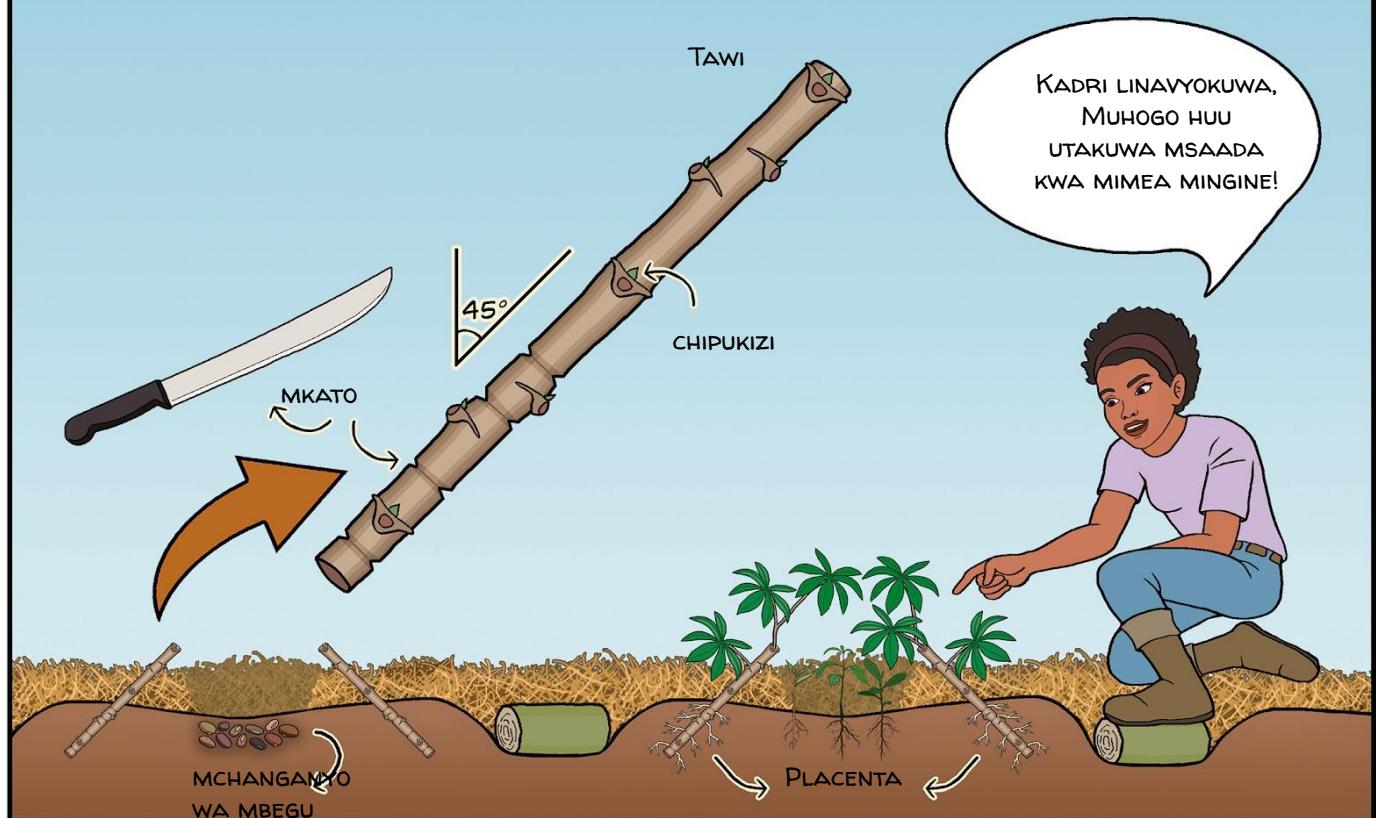


KWA KUPANDIA TUNATUMIA SHINA KAMA NJIA, AMBAPO MBEGU HUWA MBOLEA ZA KIJANI NA MIHOGO HUKATWA NA KUKUA PAMOJA, HULINDA MICHE MIPYA KWA KUCHANGANYA NA MITI. HIVYO, MIMEA YENYE MIZUNGUKO TOFAUTI NA MATABAKA YA KIMO HUPANDWA PAMOJA ILI YASIMAMIWE BAADAYE KULINGANA NA HATUA ZA KILIMO MSITU.

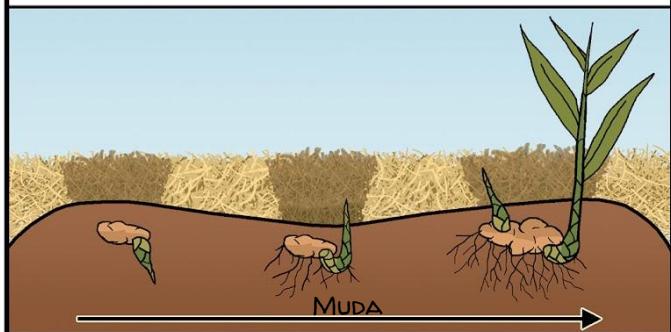


VIDOKEZO VYA USIMAMIZI: MIUNDO YA KUPANDA

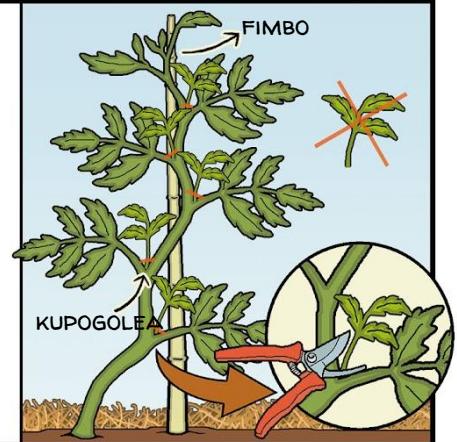
KUPANDA MIHOGO, TUNAKATA MATAWI, TUNAWEKA MACHIPUKIZI KWENDA JUU NA KUPUNGUA SEHEMU YA CHINI ILI KUCHOCHEA UOTAJI MIZIZI.
TUNAPANDA MATAWI KAMA TUNATOA MIZIZI NJE YA KITALU, KWA ULEKEO NYUZI 45.



MIMEA MIZIZI KAMA VILE VIAZI MVIRINGO, TURMERIC NA TANGAWIZI ZINAPANDWA MACHO YAKE YAKIANGALIA CHINI.



KWA NYANYA.
TUNATUMIA
MWANZI AU FITO
KUISHIKILIA. NA
KUKATA MATAWI
MAPYA ILI NGUVU
YOTE YA MMEA
IELEKEZWE
KWENYE
MATUNDA YA
TAWI KUU.



KWA UPANDAJI WA MBEGU MOJA KWA MOJA, MF. RADISHI NA KAROTI, TUNAONDOA TABAKA JEMBAMBA LA JUU AMBAPO TUNASAMBZA MBEGU NA KUZIFUNIKA.



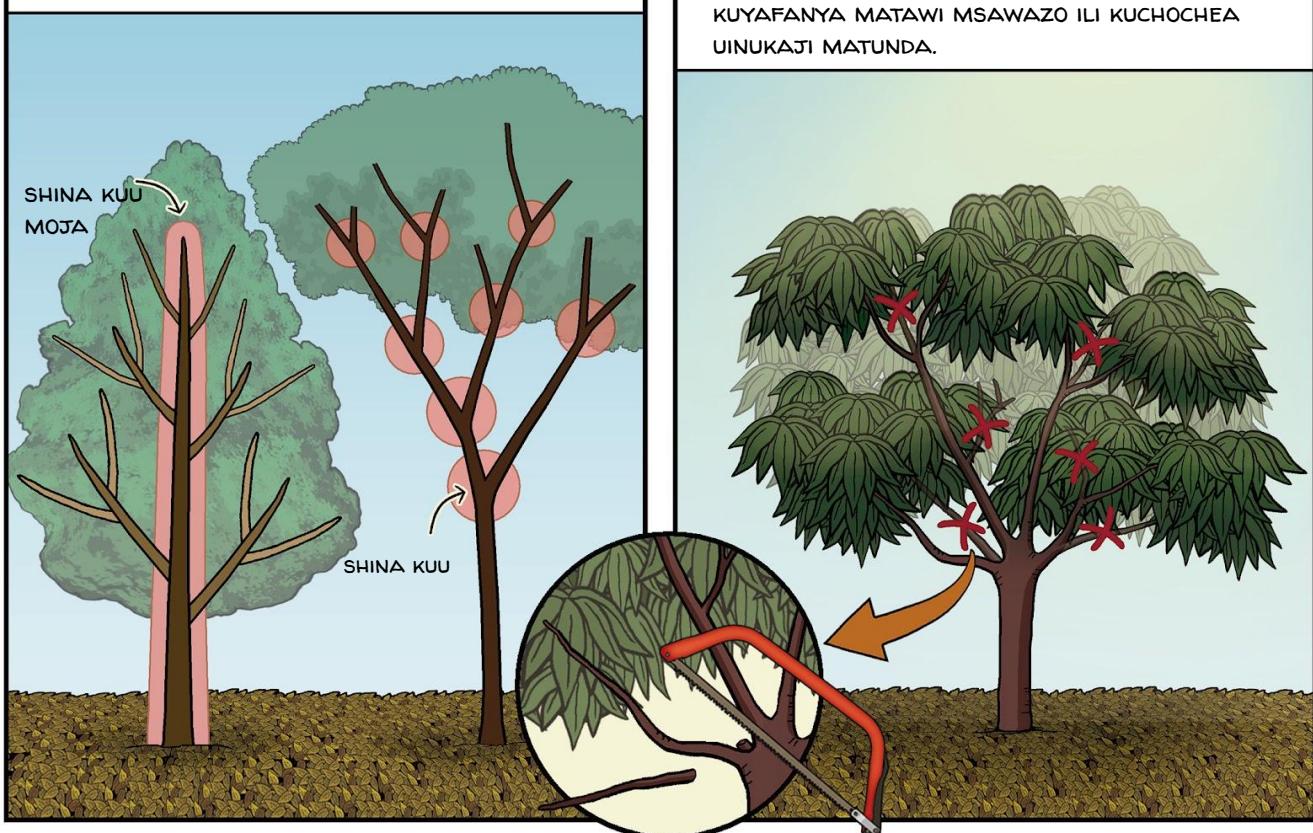
KWA MIMEA
MIMEA MINGINE
ISIYOHITAJI
KUTIFUA, KAMA
VILE MAHINDI NA
MAHARAGE.
TUNATUMIA KISU
KUFUNUA UDONGO
NA KUWEKA MBEGU
NYUMA YA KISU
WAKATI WA
KUPANDA!



VIDOKEZO VYA USIMAMIZI: KUPOGOLEA

NYONGEZA KWA KUPANDIA, UPOGOLEAJI NI SEHEMU MUHIMU MNO WA USIMAMIZI WA MFUMO WA KILIMO MSITU. KWA NJIA HII TUNAPATA MABAKI YA MMEA, HIMIZA UINGIAJI MWANGA AU ONDOA KISICHOHITAJIKA KATIKA MFUMO.

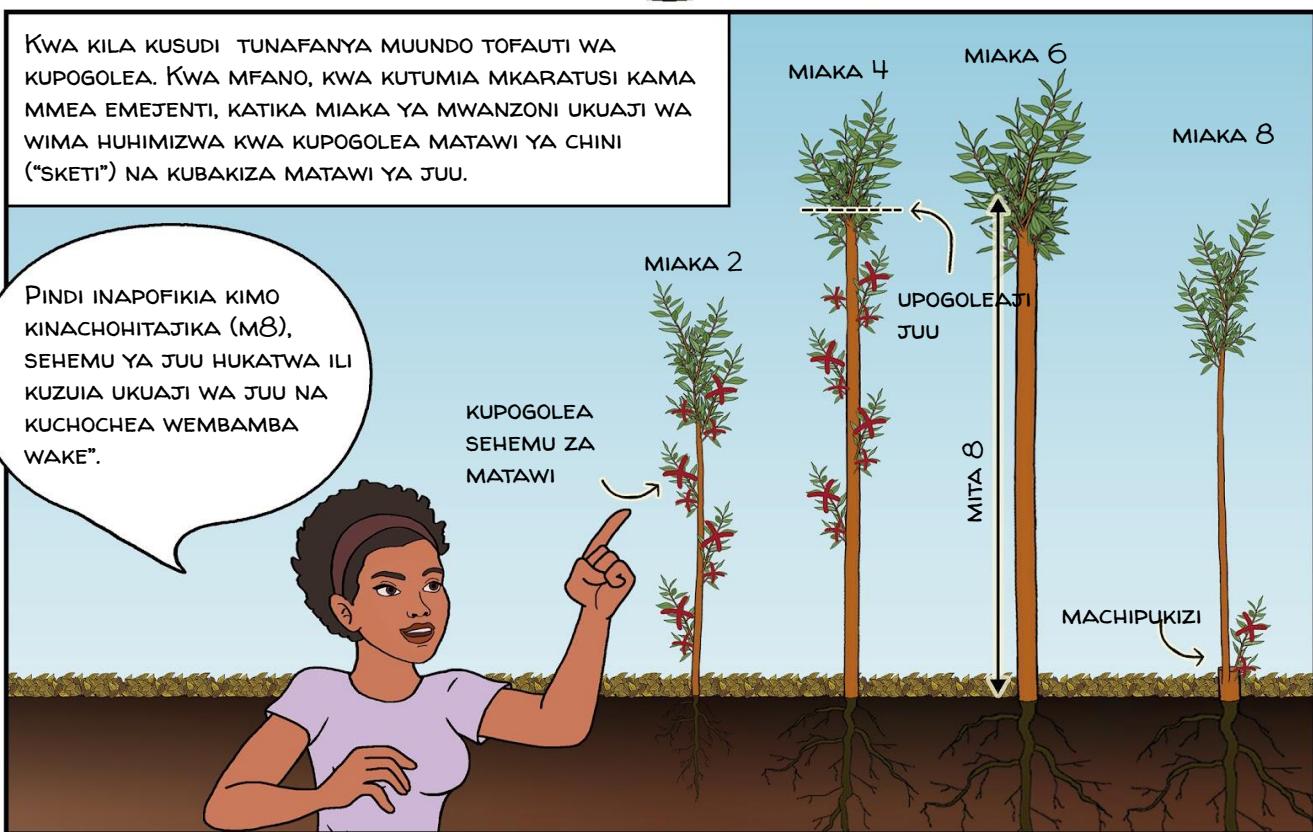
WAKATI WA KUPOGOLEA MTI, INI MUHIMU KUUBAKISHIA UMBILE LAKE LA ASILI(USANIFU).



KWA MITI MINGI YA MATUNDA, TUNAFUNGULIA UWAZI ILI KUPATA MWANGA MWINGI NA KUYAFANYA MATAWI MSAWAZO ILI KUCHOCHEA UINUKAJI MATUNDA.

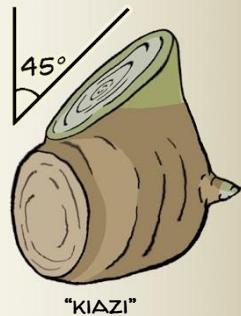
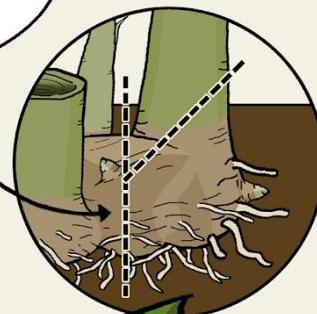
KWA KILA KUSUDI TUNAFANYA MUUNDO TOFAUTI WA KUPOGOLEA. KWA MFANO, KWA KUTUMIA MKARATUSI KAMA MMEA EMEJENTI, KATIKA MIAKA YA MWANZONI UKUAJI WA WIMA HUHIMIZWA KWA KUPOGOLEA MATAWI YA CHINI ("SKETI") NA KUBAKIZA MATAWI YA JUU.

PINDI INAPOFIKIA KIMO KINACHOHITAJIKA (M8), SEHEMU YA JUU HUKATWA ILI KUZUIA UKUAJI WA JUU NA KUCHOCHEA WEMBAMBA WAKE".



MIGOMBA NI MMEA MIZURI MNO KWA KUTOA MAADA HAI, NI RAHISI KUENDELEZA NA UKUAJI HUENDELEA. ILI KUWA NA UZALISHAJI WA MATUNDA MZURI, MMEA HUWEKWA KATIKA HATUA TOFAUTI TOFAUTI ZA UKUAJI: "BIBI, MAMA NA BINTI"

KUPANDA MGOMBA MPYA, TUNATOA MCHE WAKE NA KUANDAA "KIAZI" CHAKE, AMBACHO HUPASWA KUWA NA KG 1. TUNAKISAFIISHA KIAZI KWA KUONDOA MIZIZI NA KUKIKATA KUWA NYUZI 45 KATI YA SHINA NA KITAKO.



BIBI



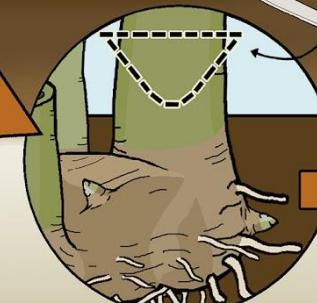
IKIWA MCHE UNA UGONJWA TUNAWEKA "KIAZI" KWENYE NDOO YA MAJI KWA SAA 24 KABL AYA KUPANDA, NA MASAA MAWILI MENGINE, TUNAWEKA VIJKO VYA NDIMU KWENYE MAJI.



TUNACHIMBA SHIMO NA KUPANDA "KIAZI" CHAKE KWA KUPISHANISHA, KWA KUKATA MMEA MKUU JUU. MCHAKATO HUU HUWEZESHA MMEA MWINGINE KUKUA NA KUTOA MAZAO YA MZUNGUKO WA KWANZA.

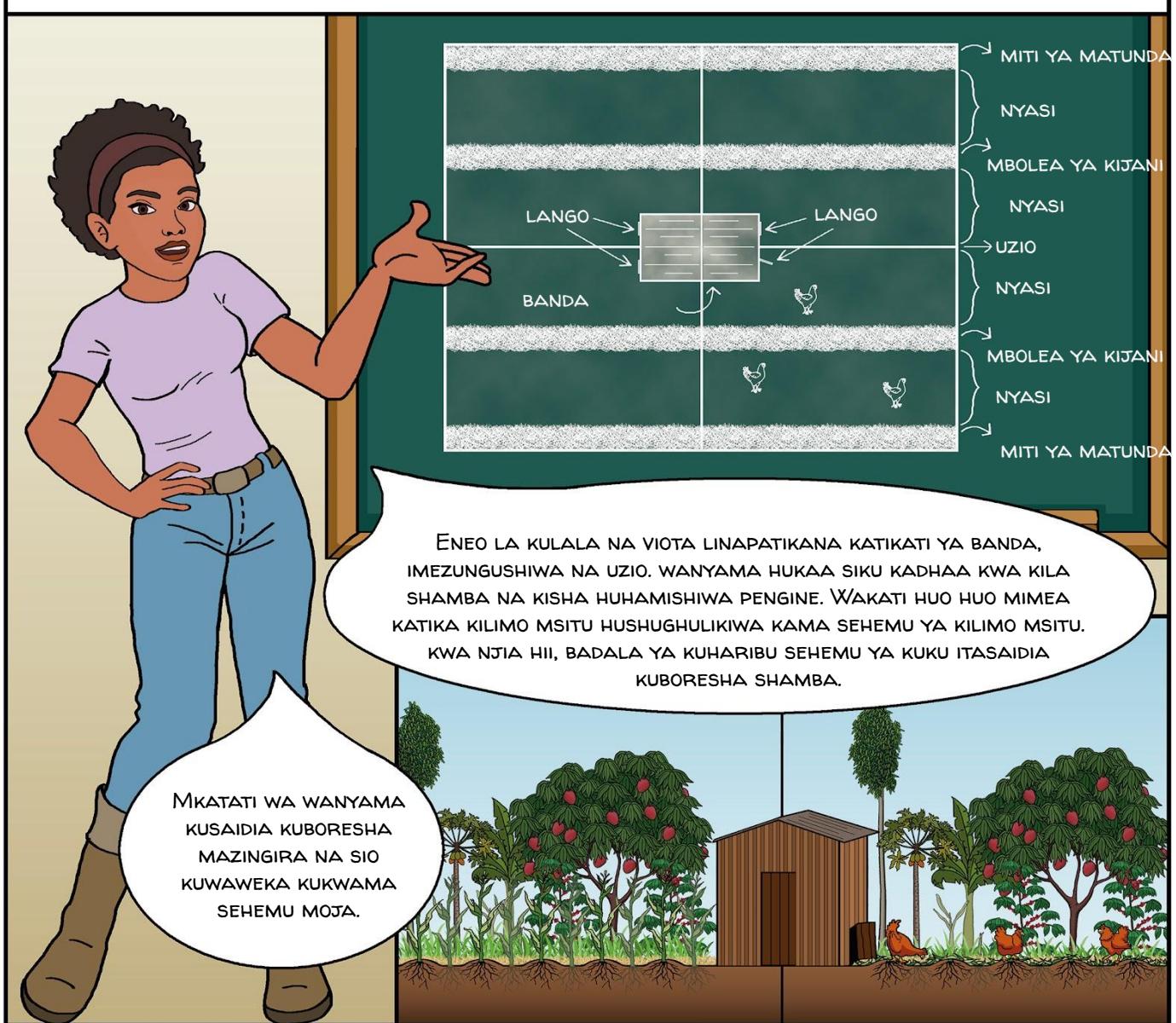
SHIMO

BAADA YA MAVUNO TUNAKATA MGOMBA. SEHEMU ILYOBAKI YA "KIAZI" HUPASWA KUKATWA KAMA BAKULI KUEPUSHA KUCHAFULIWA NA MAGONJWA.

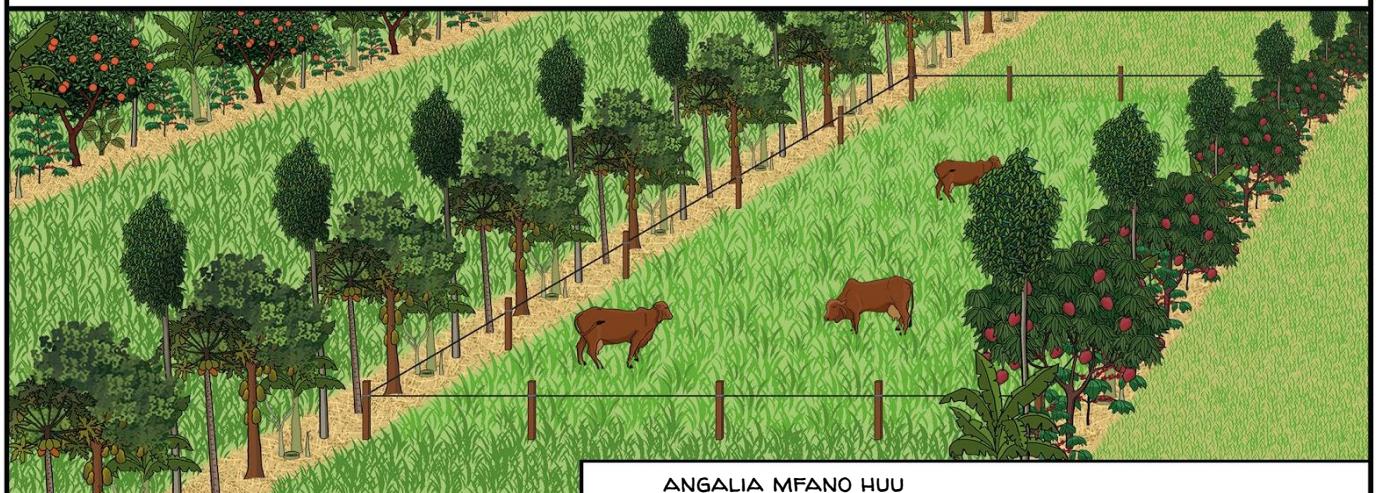


KUFUGA WANYAMA KATIKA MFUMO WA KILIMO MSITU.

KILIMO MSITU NI MAHALI BORA PIA KWA UFUGAJI. KWA MFANO, IKIWA TUTAWEKA KUKU KWENYE BANDA LA KUDUMU KATI KATI YA SHAMBA LA KILIMO MSITU, MITI NA MAJANI YATATOA VYAKULA TOFAUTI, VYENYE LISHE NA AFYA YA MAZINGIRA KWA WANYAMA.



NJIA NYINGINE NI KUWAHAMISHA WANYAMA NDANI YA SHAMBA LA KILIMO MSITU NI KUTUMIA UZIO UNAOHAMISHIKA KUPITIA MISTARI. KWA NJIA HII, WANYA HULISHWA ENEO MOJA KWA KUBADILISHA KILA SIKU, HUCHOCHEA MSONGO WA MIMEA NA UKUAJI WA HARAKA KUFAUTIA KUPUMZIKA NA KURIDHIKA KWA MIMEA.



MCHORO

WAKATI TUNAPANGILIA KILIMO MSITU NI MUHIMU KUCHOA MUUNDO WA SHAMBA LAKO.
IN IT KUPITIA HIVYO TUNAWEZA KUBAINISHA KILA MMEA NA ENEO UTAPOPANDWA. KUMBUKA KUWA MSTARI WA
MITI UTAKUWA NA MITI MBOLEA NA MITI MATUNDA YENYE MATABAKA TOFAUTI(STRATA) NA
MAFANIKIO(SUCCESSIONS) (ANGALIA MFANO UKURASA WA 24 KWA MFANO TOFAUTI).



MATUNDA
MFANO.
MAFBFE



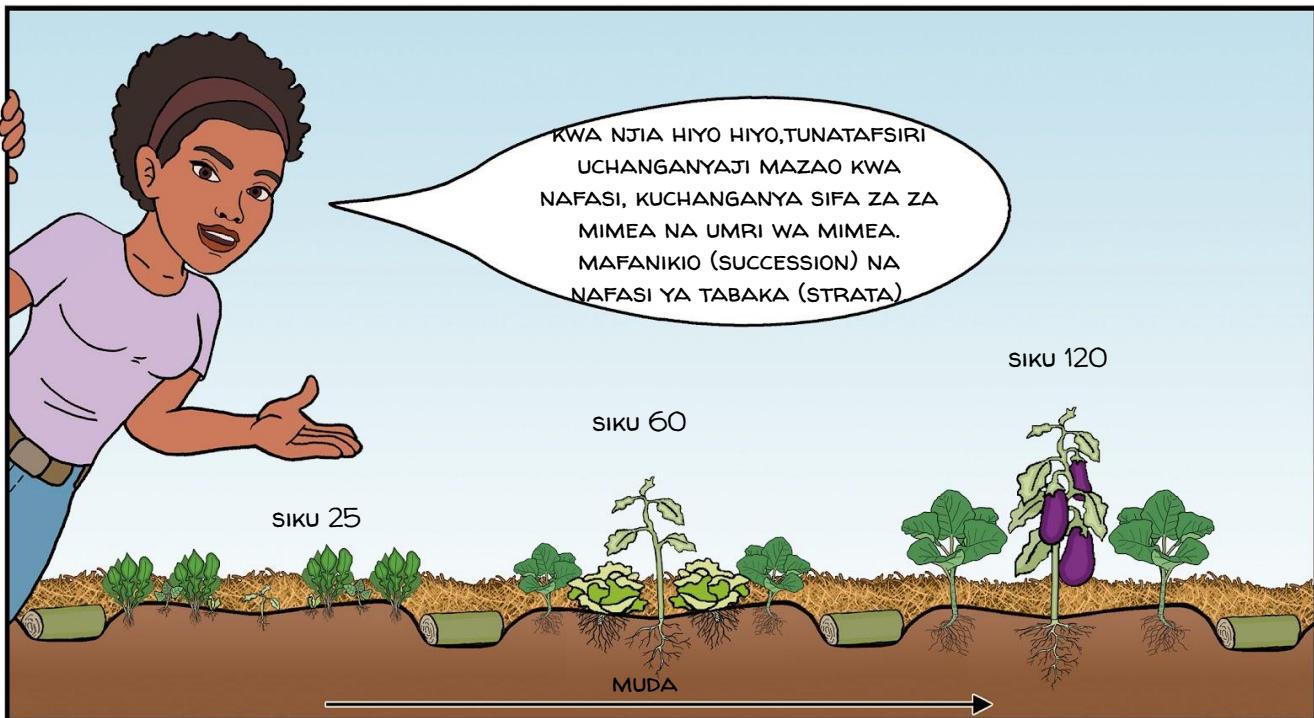
MBOLEA YA KIJANI
MFANO. MIGOMBA



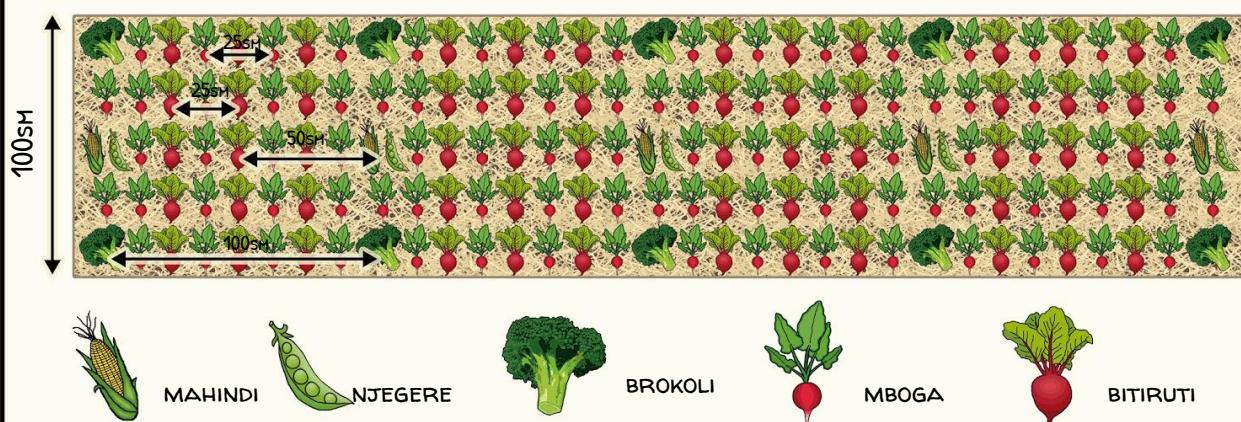
MBAO
MFANO.
MIKARATUSI



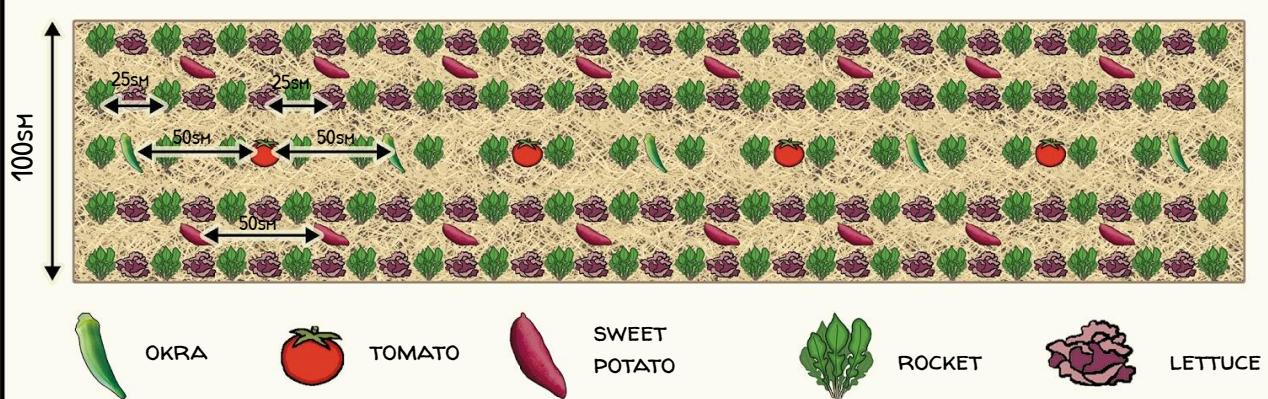
PLACENTA
MFANO. MIHOGO



KWAC MFANO KATIKA KONSOTIAMU NDOGO TUNA MIZUNGUKO MITATU ILYOPANDWA KATIKA KITALU KIMOJA. KATIKA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU 90 TUNA MAHINDI YALIYOUNUKIA KATIKA KILA MITA NA ZAO LILIGO KATI KILA SM 25. KILA MOJA TUNAJUMUISHA MZUNGUKO WA SIKU 60 WA BROKOLI (TABAKA LA JUU) NA MAHARAGWE YANAYOTAMBAA KWENYE MAHINDI YANAYOCHIPUKIA.NA PIA MZUNGUKO WA HARAKA WA SIKU 25 WA MBOGA MBOGA.



KATIKA KONSOTIAMU NYINGINE TUNA BAMIA (EMEJENTI – SIKU 120),
NYANYA (TABAKA LA JUU – SIKU 120), VIAZI VITAMU (TABAKA LA CHINI),
PILIPILI (TABAKA LA KATI SIKU 45) AND ROKETI (KATI – SIKU 25).



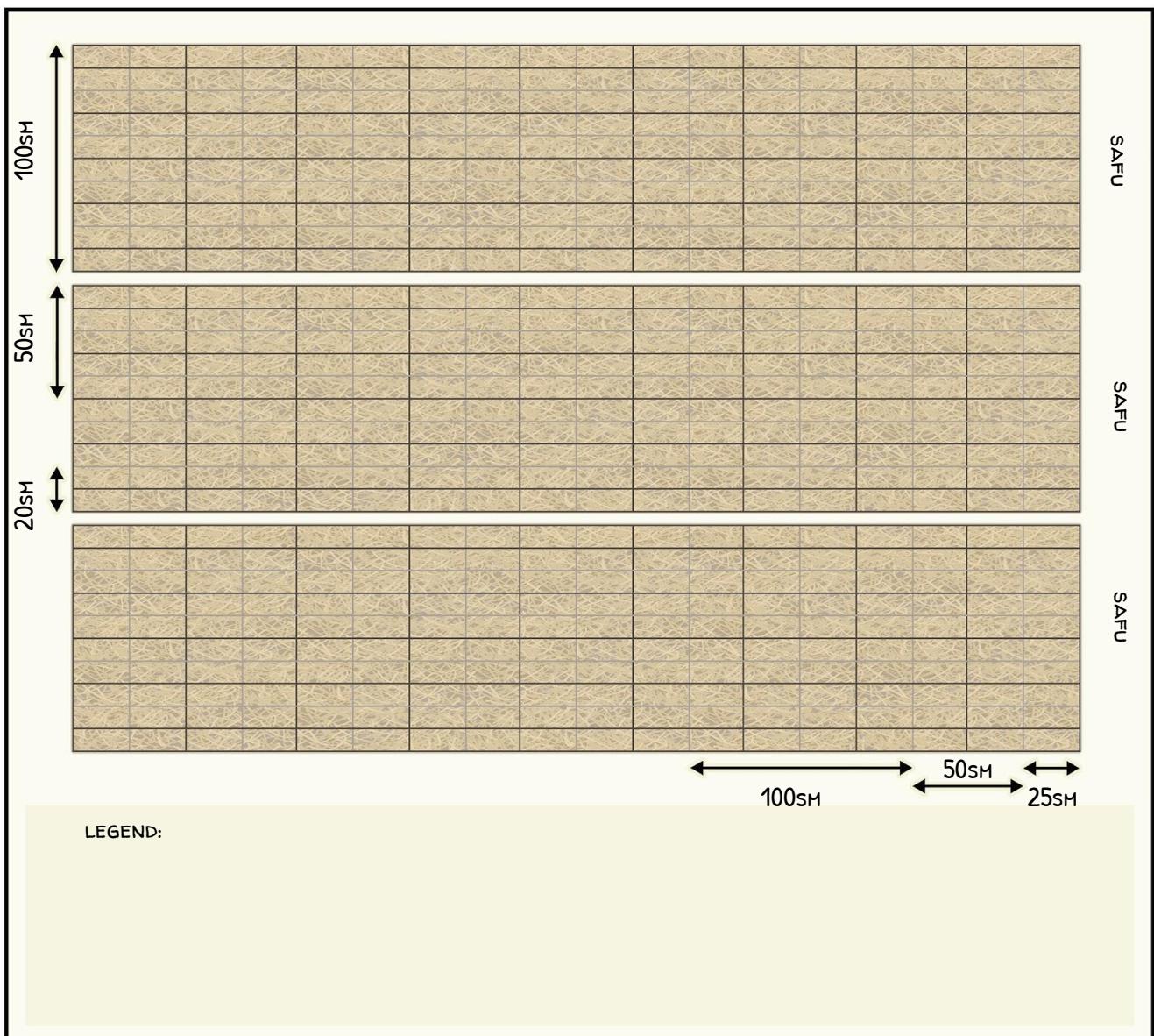


TABLE OF CYCLES AND LAYERS

LAYER	OCCUPIED SPACE	CYCLES/SUCCESSION					[LONG TERM TREES]	
		45 DAYS	60 DAYS	90 DAYS	6 MONTHS	3 YEARS	BIOMASS / WOOD	FRUITS / NUTS
EMERGENT	20%	SUNN HEMP	SUNFLOWER	CORN	OKRA	CASTOR-OIL PLANT	EUCALYPTUS	BRAZILIAN PINE
				SESAME		PAPAYA	AFRICAN MAHOGANY	PECAN NUT
				AMARANTH			ROBLE	PUPUNHA PALM TREE
							JAPAN GRAPE	
CANOPY	40%		CAULIFLOWER	TOMATO	COWITCH	CASSAVA	BRAZILIAN ORCHID TREE	JACK FRUIT
			BROCCOLI	PEA	EGG PLANT	YACON	MEXICAN LILAC	MANGO
			PEARL MILLET	CHIVES	SWEET BASIL	CONGO BEAN	DWARF BANANA	DWARF BANANA
			SORGHUM	CABBAGE	BISHOP'S CROWN PEPPER	SWEET BASIL	PORTUGUESE PLUM	JAMBO
			COW PEA	WHEAT		LEMON BASIL	ICE CREAM BEAN/INGA	INGA AND BARU NUT
			CLIMBER PEA	BELL PEPPER			SOMBREIRO	GUAVA
				ROSELLE			MEXICAN SUNFLOWER	KAKIFRUIT
				GILO			TIGERWOOD	CHERRIES OF RIO GRANDE
				KALE				JUCARA PALM TREE
MEDIUM	60%	RADISH	LETTUCE	POTATO	ONION	TABASCO PEPPER	DWARF BANANA	EGG PLANT TREE
		ROCKET	3 MONTHS' RICE	CANADA LETTUCE	PEPPER	ARRACACHA	BLANTAIN	MULBERRY
		LETTUCE	CHICORY	FLAX	RICE	GARLIC		DWARF BANANA
		PURPLE LETTUCE	ALMEIRAO	LEEK	BROAD BEAN	HANGING LOBSTER CLAW		CAMBUCI
		CORIANDER	CHARD	CARROT	PUMPKIN	GREATER BURDOCK		GRUMICHAMA
			TURNIP	BEETROOT				BRAZILIAN CHERRY
				WILD CELERY				UVAIA
				ZUCCHINI				MANDARIN
				RICE				PEACH
LOWER	80%		BLACK TURTLE BEANS	JACK BEAN	PEANUTS	GINGER		COFFEE
			WATERCRESS	WATERMELON	PARSLEY	NIRA AND YAM		LEMON
			PINTO BEANS	SWEET POTATO	MINT	OREGANO		PINEAPPLE
			CUCUMBER	MELON		PENNYROYAL		TAHTI LEMON
			GHERKIN	SPINACH		ARROWROOT		LIME
			GREEN BEAN	SOY		MARJORAM		JABUTICABA SABARA
				AZUKI BEAN		BUTTERFLY GINGER		COCOA
						ARROWLEAF		QUINCE

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STEENBOCK W., VEZZANI F.M. - CURITIBA, 2013.

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NETO, N. E. C. ... ET AL. PALMEIRA, 2016.

DA HORTA À FLORESTA - FROM GARDEN TO FOREST /
AGENDA GOTSCHE (VÍDEO).

RESTAURAÇÃO ECOLÓGICA COM SISTEMAS AGROFLORESTAIS:
COMO CONCILIAR CONSERVAÇÃO COM PRODUÇÃO. OPÇÕES PARA
CERRADO E CAATINGA / MICCOLIS A. ... ET AL. BRASÍLIA, 2016.

SISTEMAS AGROFLORESTAIS: USO DA SUCESSÃO E DA ESTRATIFICAÇÃO
EM CONSÓRCIOS ENTRE LAVOURAS E HORTALIÇAS /
FLYER COOPERAFLORESTA.

THE MANUAL "AN ILLUSTRATED GUIDE TO AGROFORESTRY" WAS
CREATED TO FACILITATE THE INTRODUCTION TO STRATIFIED
SUCCESSIONAL AGROFORESTRY. THE EXAMPLE PRESENTED HERE IS
JUST ONE OF THE MANY POSSIBILITIES FOR THE BIOMES OF THE
ATLANTIC FOREST. EACH SYSTEM IS UNIQUE. FOR EACH PLACE THERE
IS A STORY AND A CONTEXT THAT MUST BE UNDERSTOOD WITH EYES
AND EARS WIDE OPEN BOTH TOWARDS PEOPLE AND TOWARDS
NATURE.

Bora
Permaculturar



SCIENTIFIC NAMES

Abiu <i>Pouteria caimito</i>	Cauliflower <i>Brassica oleracea convar</i>	Guava <i>Psidium guajava</i>	Papaya <i>Carica papaya</i>	Sorghum <i>Sorghum bicolor</i>
African mahogany <i>Khaya ivorensis</i>	Chard <i>Beta vulgaris var. cicla</i>	Heliconia <i>Heliconia rostrata</i>	Parsley <i>Petroselinum crispum</i>	Soybean <i>Glycine max</i>
Amaranth <i>Amaranthus spp.</i>	Cherries of the Rio Grande <i>Eugenia involucrata</i>	Ice cream bean <i>Inga edulis</i>	Peach <i>Prunus persica</i>	Spinach <i>Spinacia oleracea</i>
Arrowleaf <i>Xanthosoma sagittifolium</i>	Chives <i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>	Jack bean <i>Canavalia ensiformis</i>	Peanuts <i>Arachis hypogaea</i>	Sugarloaf <i>Cichorium intybus</i>
Arugula, Rocket <i>Eruca sativa</i>	Cocoa <i>Theobroma cacao</i>	Jackfruit <i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>	Pearl millet <i>Pennisetum glaucum</i>	Sunflowers <i>Helianthus annuus</i>
Azuki bean <i>Vigna angularis</i>	Coffee <i>Coffea sp.</i>	Japanese raisin tree <i>Hovenia dulcis</i>	Peas <i>Pisum sativum</i>	Sunn hemp <i>Crotalaria juncea</i>
Baru nut <i>Dipteryx alata</i>	Congo bean <i>Cajanus cajan</i>	Java plum <i>Syzygium cumini</i>	Pecan nut <i>Carya illinoiensis</i>	Sweet basil <i>Ocimum basilicum</i>
Beet root <i>Beta vulgaris</i>	Coriander <i>Coriandrum sativum</i>	Jucara palm <i>Euterpe edulis</i>	Pennyroyal <i>Mentha pulegium</i>	Sweet potato <i>Ipomoea batatas</i>
Bell pepper <i>Capsicum annuum</i>	Corn <i>Zea mays</i>	Kakifruit <i>Diospyros kaki</i>	Pepper <i>Capsicum baccatum</i>	Tabasco pepper <i>Capsicum frutescens 'Malagueta'</i>
Black turtle bean <i>Phaseolus vulgaris L. 'Black Turtle'</i>	Cow pea <i>Vigna unguiculata</i>	Kale, Cabbage <i>Brassica oleracea</i>	Pepper 'Bishop's crown' <i>Capsicum baccatum var. pendulum</i>	Tahiti lime <i>Citrus × latifolia (?)</i>
Brazil cherry (Grumichama) <i>Eugenia brasiliensis</i>	Cowich bean <i>Mucuna pruriens</i>	Leek <i>Allium ampeloprasum</i>	Peruvian carrot <i>Arracacia xanthorrhiza</i>	Tigerwood <i>Astronium fraxinifolium</i>
Brazil cherry (Pitanga) <i>Eugenia uniflora</i>	Cucumber <i>Cucumis sativus</i>	Lemon <i>Citrus limon</i>	Pineapple <i>Ananas comosus</i>	Tomato <i>Solanum lycopersicum</i>
Brazilian grapefruit <i>Plinia peruviana</i>	Curled lettuce <i>Lactuca sativa var. crispa</i>	Lemon basil <i>Ocimum × africanum</i>	Pinto bean <i>Phaseolus vulgaris L. Pinto group</i>	Turmeric <i>Curcuma longa</i>
Brazilian orchid tree <i>Bauhinia forficata</i>	Eggplant <i>Solanum melongena</i>	Lettuce <i>Lactuca spp.</i>	Plantain <i>Musa × paradisiaca</i>	Turnip <i>Brassica rapa subsp. rapa</i>
Brazilian pine <i>Araucaria angustifolia</i>	Eucalyptus <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	Lime <i>Citrus aurantiifolia</i>	Potato <i>Solanum tuberosum</i>	Uvaia <i>Eugenia pyriformis</i>
Broad bean <i>Vicia faba</i>	Flax <i>Linum usitatissimum</i>	Mandarin <i>Citrus reticulata Blanco</i>	Pumpkin <i>Cucurbita spp.</i>	Watercress <i>Nasturtium officinale</i>
Broccoli <i>Brassica oleracea convar. botrytis var. italica</i>	Garlic <i>Allium sativum</i>	Mango <i>Mangifera indica</i>	Pupunha palm tree <i>Bactris gasipaes</i>	Watermelon <i>Citrullus lanatus</i>
Butterfly ginger <i>Hedychium coronarium</i>	Garlic chives <i>Allium tuberosum</i>	Marjoram <i>Origanum majorana</i>	Quince <i>Cydonia oblonga</i>	Wheat <i>Triticum</i>
Cabbage lettuce <i>Lactuca sativa var. capitata</i>	Gherkin <i>Cucumis anguria</i>	Melon <i>Cucumis melo</i>	Radish <i>Raphanus raphanistrum subsp. sativus</i>	Wild celery <i>Apium graveolens</i>
Cabbage, Kale <i>Brassica oleracea convar. capitata</i>	Gilo <i>Solanum aethiopicum var. Gilo</i>	Mexican sunflower <i>Tithonia diversifolia</i>	Rice, 3 months rice <i>Oryza sativa</i>	Wild chicory <i>Cichorium intybus L.</i>
Cambuci <i>Campomanesia phaea</i>	Ginger <i>Zingiber officinale Roscoe</i>	Mint <i>Mentha spp.</i>	Roble <i>Tabebuia spp.</i>	Yacón <i>Smallanthus sonchifolius</i>
Canada lettuce <i>Lactuca canadensis</i>	Gliricidia <i>Gliricidia sepium</i>	Mulberry <i>Morus sp.</i>	Rose apple <i>Syzygium jambos</i>	Yam <i>Dioscorea spp.</i>
Carrot <i>Daucus carota subsp. sativus</i>	Greater Burdock <i>Arctium lappa</i>	Okra <i>Abelmoschus esculentus</i>	Roselle <i>Hibiscus sabdariffa</i>	Zucchini <i>Cucurbita pepo var. cylindrica</i>
Cassava <i>Manihot esculenta</i>	Green bean (bush bean) <i>Phaseolus vulgaris</i>	Onion <i>Allium cepa</i>	Sesame <i>Sesamum indicum</i>	Thanks for the update Hans!
Castor-oil plant <i>Ricinus communis</i>	Green bean (climber) <i>Phaseolus vulgaris L.</i>	Oregano <i>Origanum vulgare</i>	Sombreiro <i>Clitoria fairchildiana</i>	Let's plant some trees!

WHEN JOÃO FIRST SHOWED ME AGROFLORESTA IN QUADRINHOS AT THE FOOD AUTONOMY FESTIVAL IN AMSTERDAM I WAS AN IMMEDIATE FAN. THE NICE DRAWINGS AND THE DETAILED INFORMATION CAME BEAUTIFUL TOGETHER. THIS IS THE PERFECT WAY TO PRESENT THIS HOPEFUL MESSAGE. SO WHEN JOÃO ASKED ME TO HELP WITH THE ENGLISH TRANSLATION I FELT VERY HONORED.

AS THE TRADITIONAL AGRICULTURE WITH MONOCULTURE ON A MASSIVE SCALE IS EXHAUSTING THE PLANET, THE NEED FOR AN ALTERNATIVE SYSTEM THAT IS BUILDING UP THE SOIL AND ENRICHING BIODIVERSITY IS FELT STRONGER THAN EVER.

IN THE TIME THAT I SPENT IN BRAZIL I SAW THAT THE EXAMPLES OF SMALLER AND BIGGER AGROFLORESTA FARMS ARE GAINING IMPACT. VIA LOCAL ORGANIC MARKETS THEIR PRODUCTS FIND THEIR WAY TO CONSUMERS WHO ARE SUPPORTIVE AND WILLING TO PAY A FAIR PRICE.

I HOPE THIS GUIDE WILL HELP YOU TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS GROWING MONDIAL MOVEMENT TOWARDS ABUNDANCE AND A HEALTHIER WORLD.

HANS BOERSMA

PARTNERS



ORGANIZATION

Bora
Permaculturar

